# THE SILENT TORMENTOR COVID 18 & THE ELDERLY

A HelpAge India Report 2021



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### 1. Executive Summary

The state of elders in our country does not always reflect appropriately on our societal priorities. We as a country are slowly going to be in a position where the demographic dividend is going to be passé'. The nation will soon have a lot of elders but attitudes, perceptions and facilities will therefore need to be doing a lot of catching up. The COVID pandemic has left us all scarred, the impact on the elderly needless to say has remained severe. While work from home came across as a blessing to many people, those who lost jobs and had elders to care for, felt their household budgets flailing. Elders at formal care facilities suffered too and the care they could access during COVID times dipped sharply.

This report which is the second consecutive report Ipsos India has done for HelpAge India flags some very interesting trends that throws light on areas that need focus and some aspects that need preparation, as we progress as a nation. The has four sections, which delve into how elders responded to the COVID complications - both in a household setting and in a formal / institutional setting (old age homes), and how their caregivers felt about the COVID challenge and its impact on their ability to care for the elderly, across formal / institutional and informal settings.

The one thing that stands out across the report both among elders in informal and formal settings is that, elder abuse continues to remain a major area of concern. Its attributes are seeing some changes for instances, this year, verbal abuse has increased across household settings. It may be on account of the pressures of working from home which has restricted the space that elders had earlier or the impact of job losses and the responsibility of elder care in such scenarios on care givers. Nevertheless, the percentage of elders reporting abuse remains high and that is a point of deep concern. Given the methodical limitations of a CATI based survey, these numbers could have been higher than what we are seeing in the report. However, if these numbers are even taken as an indication of the true nature of the problem, the task in front of us as a society is significant. Abuse by family members, both blood relations and otherwise have continued to stay high, daughters have also emerged as a category of abusers over the course of this survey. Safe spaces therefore for the elderly seem to be on the decline. Introspection is required amongst elderly across formal institutions, on their understanding of what constitutes as abuse. It necessitates a need to work closely on helping them define abuse better so that we can have better reporting and also identify areas where formal care institutions can improve. The ability of elders staying at formal institutions to access quality health care during the pandemic has been rated as poor, necessitating some introspection at the facility level. Geriatric care is an emerging sector and one with tremendous potential, as well as immense challenges. The COVID pandemic has seen elderly trying to use health devices to track their well-being in a better manner and it is up to care homes to provide the desired platform too. It may help in reducing disease burdens through better anticipation.

Caregivers who lost their jobs during the pandemic felt apprehensive about their abilities to continue to care for the elderly. Household budgets and incomes have shrunk during this period and considering how critical facilities were rationed during the pandemic, the elderly have truly borne the brunt. What is however intriguing is that the elderly remain beacons of hope for a younger generation that has hit rock bottom in terms of their ability to think of a better future.

### 2. Salient Findings (Report Highlights)

Survey Base	
Total No of Respondents	3526
Informal Setting	
Elderly in Household Setting	2513
Caregivers in Household Setting	503
Formal Setting	
Elderly living in Old Age Homes	402
Caregivers in Old Age Homes	108
SEC: A, B, C & D	
Survey conducted across 6 major cities:	
Delhi, Mumbai, Bangalore, Hyderabad, Kolkata and Chenn	ai

FINDINGS OF INFORMAL SETTING: HOUSEHOLD

### ELDERS LIVING IN HOUSEHOLD SETTING

### **Living & Caregiving Status**

- ✓ 74.2% elders lived with their family, 9.4% with spouse and only 9.9% lived alone.
- ✓ 58.6 % elderly stated that during the pandemic, their family member 'worked/ studied from home'.
- √ 98% Caregivers were family members, of elderly living at home, of which foremost was Son
  (27 %) followed by were spouse (21 %).

### **Dealing with Fear, Worry & Isolation**

- √ 47.4% of elderly felt that their future was bleak.
- ✓ 44.8% of elderly are worried that their family members, domestic help & others, will get infected by COVID-19 because of them. While, 44.9% said that they are worried that they themselves will get infected because of them.
- ✓ 42.1% elders were most worried of being hospitalized if they were Covid affected, and 34.2% were worried of being isolated. 11.5 % had the 'fear of dying'.
- ✓ A feeling of despondency prevails amongst most elders since the pandemic started, with many waiting for people to call them (35.7%), spending most of their time resting (36.5%), the day seeming to be too long for them (22.6%), wanting someone to be just with them (20.5%) and feeling trapped & frustrated (13.7%).
- ✓ 63.2% elders said that the lockdown has affected their communication with friends, families, neighbours and loved ones.

### **Dealing with Loss & Expectations**

- ✓ As per elderly, amongst things which were acutely required, but difficult to get, in case any family member or domestic help was Covid affected, were: 58.7% elders felt getting oxygen cylinders, 43.3% said hospital beds including the facility of ICU/Ventilators and 37.3% felt medicines / injections.
- ✓ 20.8% elders had lost either their family members or friends due to Covid19. Of these, when asked what could have been done better to save their lives, majority that is 50.8% elders said a better medical / health infrastructure, 44.4% said availability of vaccine and 38.7% said availability of medicines & injections on time.

### **Financial Dependency & Impact on Income Sources**

- ✓ A stark reality was the financial dependency of elders on their family members which was 41.1%, with nearly 50% being Female and 70.2% belonging to age group of 80 − 89 years. Interestingly, 17% elders had their own business.
- ✓ 52.2% elders said that their income has been impacted.
- ✓ Top 3 reasons for impact on income sources was Loss of job (34.9%) & pay cut of the family members (30.2%) and loss of job of self (14.3%).

### **Health Issues**

- ✓ 52.4% had joint pains which is the most predominating health condition. 44.9 % had difficulty in walking, while 24.4% had poor eyesight and 13.8 % had problem in remembering or suffered from lack of concentration, which restricted their well-being.
- ✓ Cooking (43.2%) & managing groceries (38.8%), emerged as major challenges faced while living alone during Covid-19 pandemic.

### **Elder Abuse & the Pandemic**

- ✓ 62.1% felt that during Covid19 the risk of getting abused has increased.
- ✓ 61.4% said that the 'work from home/study', affected their day-to-day routine. This sharply contrasts with the Caregiver perspective, 71.6% of whom said it did not affected the elder's day-to-day routine.
- ✓ 29.2% felt a change in behaviour during pandemic, of their care takers/family members/friends/domestic help/others.
- ✓ 43.1% elders said that elder abuse is prevalent in society.
- ✓ 15.6% have said to be victims of elder abuse.
- ✓ Disrespect (45.6%) and beating /slapping (23.1%) were the main form of abuse.
- ✓ Main abusers were son (43.8%) and daughter-in-law (27.8%). Surprisingly, 14.2% said that their abusers were their daughter.
- ✓ On a ranking basis Emotional abuse (60.1%) was the main form of abuse, followed by financial abuse (61.6%) and physical abuse (58.6%).

### **Covid Care**

√ 69.2 % elders were taken care of by their family members when affected by Covid, while 21.9 % were Attendants/ Caregivers and 14.8% medical professionals like doctors & nurses.

### Vaccination: Awareness & Misinformation:

- ✓ 77.5% elders were aware of Covid appropriate behaviour to avoid getting affected.
- ✓ While 58.2% elders were aware that a vaccine had been developed, 41.8% were not aware that any vaccine has been developed.
- ✓ Of those aware, 78.7% elders felt that getting vaccinated was really important.
- ✓ It was heartening to see that 60.6% elders had got at least one dose of their vaccination, though gaps remain, as 39.4% elders had not.

### **CAREGIVERS IN HOUSEHOLD SETTING**

- ✓ For Caregivers who were 98% family members, 41.9% said their salary has been decreased during the pandemic, majorly in the 30 39 years age group (48.4%). While, 25% said that they lost their jobs. 48.1% Caregivers said that they are facing difficulty in managing their expenses.
- ✓ According to the Caregivers, the major challenges faced by the elderly in their house from other family members during the pandemic, was Need for more attention (37.4%), Behaviour of family members (33.6%), Financial insecurity (26%) and Inability of the family members on understanding the needs/emotions of the elderly (18.3%).
- √ 66.7% Caregivers said that 'too much noise' caused inconvenience to the elderly, due to their 'work/study from home' mode.
- √ 32.4% of Caregivers felt that once the pandemic subsides, the elderly would be more
  dependent on family members

- ✓ 36% said it is difficult to give full attention or dedicate time to elderly members in the family during the COVID-19 Pandemic.
- ✓ Interesting to note was that as per Caregivers, post the pandemic amongst the major challenges faced by them while caregiving for the elderly, would be: 36.4% said administering their medicines on time, 32% said taking care of their 'special' food requirements, 28% budgeting for their expenses and 24.7% handling their mood swings.

### FINDINGS OF FORMAL SETTING: OLD AGE HOMES

### **ELDERLY LIVING IN OLD AGE HOMES**

### **Health & Healthcare access**

- √ 41% of the elderly in old age homes said that they faced some kind of difficulty during the
  pandemic.
- √ 47% of the elderly residents in the old age homes had joint aches & pains, while 29.6% suffered from Hypertension.
- ✓ 51.2% of elderly residents at old age homes had difficulty in walking and 27.9% had poor evesight.
- √ 40.5% of elderly faced difficulty in accessing medical care/medication as a result of the COVID-19 situation.

### **Dealing with Fear, Worry & Isolation**

- ✓ 36.8% of the elderly said that future seemed bleak to them.
- ✓ 46.8% of the elderly were afraid of getting infected with the corona virus.
- ✓ The most worrisome thing about getting infected with Covid19 was isolation & quarantine (60.6%), hospitalization (62.2%), abandonment by caretakers / family members (22.9%) and non-availability of oxygen (21.3%) amongst others.
- ✓ Amongst the top statements that best describes their feelings since the pandemic started are "I find myself waiting for people to call more than ever before" (56.7%), "Some days I spend most of the time resting" (54.7%) and "I want someone to just be with me" (30.3%) and "The days seem to last too long" (26.4%).
- ✓ The elderly felt depressed thinking and looking at the situation of COVID-19 in the country and it ranged from a little (42.3%), sometimes (20.6%), most of the times (16.9%) and all the times (4%).
- ✓ 58.5% of elderly felt that the COVID-19 pandemic has affected their communication with their loved ones.
- ✓ On being asked about what activities they miss doing/experiencing compared to the time before Covid-19, 80.1% said going out for a walk, 41.8% said meeting with friends and family without any protocols in place, 54.5% said not having to wear a Mask and 21.4% said visiting religious places.
- ✓ On being asked what are the various restrictions imposed / protocols instituted by your Old Age Home to protect you 81.1% said no visitors are allowed, 68.9% said they were not allowed to go out and 70.4% said Mandatory wearing of Mask.

### **Elder Abuse & the Pandemic**

- √ 36.1% said that elder abuse is prevalent in society.
- ✓ 26.9% said they have been victim of elder abuse. Of those abused, 48.7% had been abused by their Children, followed by 23.1% who were Relatives, Cleaners/Maintenance staff again 23.1% and 20.5% by the old age home Manager or Owner.
- ✓ Of those abused, 74.4% faced Disrespect, 25.6% faced Beating/Slapping, 30.8% faced Verbal Abuse and 17.9% faced Economic Exploitation.
- ✓ Of those abused in the last one year, said their abuser was 56.4% indicated old age home care taker and 23.1% indicated family members.

- ✓ 65.5% of those abused, felt that the COVID-19 pandemic has increased the risk of elder abuse.
- ✓ Emotional Abuse (60%), Financial Abuse (40.7%), Physical Abuse (31%) and Psychological Abuse (18.6%) are main the types of abuse faced by those during the pandemic.
- ✓ 34.1% of elderly in the old age homes, felt a change in the behaviour of care takers/family members during the pandemic.
- √ 64.7% of the elderly at old age home attended counselling session organised at the home.

### Vaccination: Status, Awareness & Misinformation

- ✓ 93.3% were aware of Covid appropriate behaviour to avoid getting affected.
- √ 80.8% knew about vaccine for Covid19 and 85.2% amongst them felt that vaccine is really important for them.
- ✓ 73.5% of them said that they will be totally immune to Covid19 after the vaccination.
- ✓ 66.2% elders had got at least one dose of vaccination, while 33.8% had not been administered
- ✓ a single dose of Covid19 vaccine till now.

### **CAREGIVERS IN OLD AGE HOMES**

- √ 60.2% of Caregivers said that access to goods / services / benefits difficult during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- ✓ Amongst the goods / services / benefits where access was a problem 84.6% said food / groceries, 69.2% said medicines and 53.8% said availability of Caregivers.
- ✓ 36.9% said that the old age home did not get any help in accessing the above goods / services / benefits.
- ✓ Of those who received help, the source of help was 46.3% HelpAge Helpline, 41.5% volunteers 39% Police and 31.7% family members.
- ✓ 50% old age homes said they faced Scarcity of Funds during the pandemic.
- ✓ In response to the measures did old age homes took, to meet the needs of funds scarcity: 42.6% contacted the local leader for funds, 37% contacted local NGO, and 35.2% reached out to family members of the elderly for support.
- ✓ The measures taken by old age homes to ensure social distancing guidelines are met by elders included Conducting Counselling sessions for the elderly to make them understand about social distancing (74.1%), Encouraging elderly to make video calls to their family members instead of meeting them physically (62%) and Sanitization of groceries, medicines, daily essentials etc. procured from outside the old age home (58.3%).
- ✓ 93.5% respondents said that regular sanitization/fumigation process were put in place to protect the elderly from Covid-19.
- √ 37% said that there is no isolation or quarantine rooms created in the old age home, in case
  any elderly is infected.
- ✓ 59.3% Caregivers said that visitors are not allowed to meet their parents / grandparents during the pandemic.
- ✓ 83.3% said operational guidelines are in place for the visitors to ensure safety of the elderly.
- ✓ The sources of information for elderly in the old age homes to get information about the COVID-19 situation in the country were: TV (95.4%), radio (36.1%) and phone call (30.6%).
- ✓ 67.6% staff of the old age homes do not have a health insurance cover.
- √ 34.3 % old age homes faced the problem of staff shortage always during the pandemic.
- ✓ 56.1% of staff at old age home feel stressed due to shortage of caregivers/attendants during pandemic.
- ✓ 50.9% of Caregivers feared getting Covid19 while taking care of them.
- ✓ While 67% home had PPE kits, 37% of homes do not have PPE kits available to their staff.
- ✓ 51.9% of staff members/caregivers of the old age home are not worried about elderly being infected with Corona virus.
- ✓ Amongst the major worries of Caregivers, if some elder residents get infected with Corona are:

- Isolation and Quarantine (61.5%), Hospitalization (55.8%) and Abandonment by caretakers (28.8%).
- ✓ 61.1% old age homes had patients who needed extra care, to do their day-to-day activities like those suffering from Dementia, Alzheimer's, bed ridden etc.

### 3. Study Background

Staying at home and avoiding large gatherings has definitely helped in controlling the spread of the pandemic but it has had impact on everyone's lives. It has made life difficult for many of the population groups across the world but especially for older population, which is often considered frail and vulnerable. It has not only impacted the population financially but has also had effects on their mental health.

According to "Global Report on Ageism1" - This pandemic has not only taken a devastating toll on the lives of many older people around the world but also has exposed ageist stereotypes, prejudice and discrimination against older adults. There have been reports of discriminatory practices in access to health services and other critical resources in several countries, especially among older people living in long-term care facilities.

According to the Longitudinal Ageing Study of India (LASI)<sup>2</sup>, there will be over 319 million elderly people by 2050, threefold the number identified by the Census in 2011; The share of population over the age of 60 is projected to increase from 8 per cent to nearly 20 per cent in 2050. According to the report, two in every three senior citizens in India suffer from some chronic disease. Given that we, as a country are losing on our demographic dividend over time and most of our elderly population has co-morbidities, it is very important to understand and study the issue to find usable solutions.

HelpAge India has since its inception worked in promoting rights of older population to lead dignified, healthy and secure lives. The current study aims at understanding the impact of pandemic and its protocols on older people and their caregivers (both in formal and informal settings) which can be in the form of seeking services, social inclusion, interaction and earning a living, both by the elderly and the care givers.

With changing family structures, increasingly old population, higher prevalence of co-morbidities amongst elders and changing realities while living with the pandemic, it is expected that there is considerable impact on the physical, emotional and mental health of both the elders and the caregivers. The current study will help in understanding the elderly care challenges during pandemic and will also highlight other challenges that elderly has faced or anticipate to be facing in future.

The current study will try to fill a gap in the literature and studies available in India on Elder care. As HelpAge India has been doing such studies for some time, this will provide a comparison overtime on how challenges faced by elders have changed or intensified by the pandemic and the reasons behind it. It also deep dives in the challenges of Caregivers, a section which has not been studied in India. The pandemic has reduced the income of many of the caregivers and have increased the burden of caregiving on this section. The study will provide important insights for the policy makers to understand the increasing challenges faced by elderly and their caregivers in both formal and informal sectors.

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 $<sup>^{1}\</sup> https://www.who.int/teams/social-determinants-of-health/demographic-change-and-healthy-ageing/combatting-ageism/global-report-on-ageism$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.iipsindia.ac.in/lasi

### 4. Research Objectives

The objectives of the study is divided between formal (household) and informal (old age home) settings. Here are the objectives for both –

### **Informal Settings**

- Consequences of pandemic on the family and on the older persons: loss of livelihood of young adults, reverse migration, reduction in salary and impact on remittances; work from home/study from home, contracting C 19 infection and isolation/ quarantine.
- Changes in behaviour of the young adult care givers of family during the pandemic: health and nutrition, decision making, mobility, social inclusion, digital literacy.
- Behaviour of the family after pandemic: Restoring care as in pre-Covid 19 period.
- Challenges faced by the care givers: during and after the pandemic in care giving for old parents/relatives while living with them/ separately.

### **Formal Settings**

- Consequences of Covid 19 pandemic on life of older persons in old age homes: health and nutrition, mental wellbeing, recreation, social isolation, Covid 19 infection.
- Consequences of post pandemic on older persons in old age homes: Restoration of Pre Covid 19.
- Challenges faced by the management of old age homes during pandemic and later in managing the home: consequences of pandemic on the care services provided at the old age home, following protocols of hygiene and distancing, monitoring and adapting services to ensure basic services, health and mental wellbeing, managing exigencies.

### 5. Target Population

RESPONDENT CATEGORY	RESEARCH TOOL
SURVEY	
Elder Individuals (Elderly in household setting)	Structured Tool
Caregivers for Individuals (Caregiver in household setting)	Structured Tool
OAH Elder Residents	Structured Tool
OAH Staff	Structured Tool

### 6. Research Design

The research involved secondary desk review for the preparation of tools and primary data collection in four type of respondents mentioned in the table above. The method for collection for informal and formal sector has been different and is explained below.

Informal Sector- this involved interactions with the elderly and caregivers at household level. To reach out to the respondent Random Digit Dialing was used.

RDD is a random selection survey method where telephone numbers are used as the sampling frame. Under RDD, to work on a defined geography the phone numbers are chosen using Department of Telecommunication (DoT)s national numbering plan-where the first 4 digit refer to the service provider and the circle/state to which the number belongs to\*.

\*However, we are aware that India has also implemented number portability- hence there would be certain cases that the number dialed will not correspond to the geography to be covered, in such case the call was terminated. Using the national numbering plan- a software program was developed which randomly dialed 10-digit numbers as per the program. It was ensured that all telecom service providers in a city were covered.

### Informal Sector – Based on the database received from HelpAge India

The Informal sector interviews were conducted in the Old Age Homes (OAH) with the elderly and the formal caregivers with the contacts shared by HelpAge India.

Data has been captured in our internal system, iField wherein our Data Processing team made scripts separately for all respondents. Data was then collected through CAPI.

### 7. Sample Size

City		Informa	al Setting			Formal	Setting	
	Target (Elderly)	Achieved (Elderly)	Target (Young caregivers)	Achieved (Young caregivers)	Target (Elderly)	Achieved (Elders)	Target (Caregivers)	Achieved (Caregivers)
Delhi	417	419	83	82	67	67	18	18
Mumbai	417	417	83	83	67	67	18	18
Chennai	417	419	83	89	67	67	18	18
Bangalore	417	423	83	83	67	67	18	18
Kolkata	417	417	83	83	67	67	18	18
Hyderabad	417	418	83	83	67	67	18	18
Total Sample	2502	2513	498	503	402	402	108	108

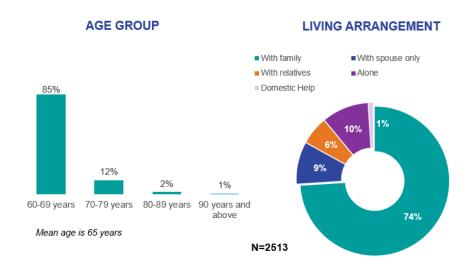
The overall sample of 3510 was planned to be achieved using structured interview across 6 cities.

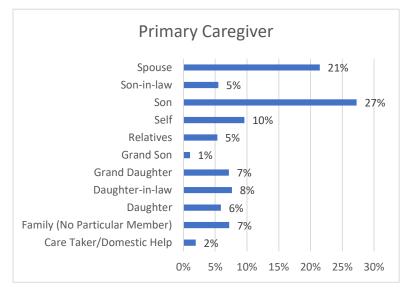
The below table represents the number of interviews planned vs actual number of interviews conducted in each state.

### 8. Research Findings- Elderly in Household Setting



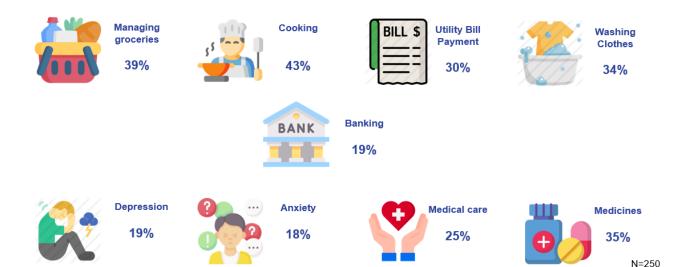
The sample of 2513 elderly respondents (above 60 years) in informal setting were spread across six cities viz. Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata, Chennai, Hyderabad and Bangalore which included 72.2% males and 27.8% females at an overall level. About 85% of the respondents were in the age group 60 – 69 years.





About three-fourth of the elderly respondents (74.1%) reported staying with family (spouse/ son/ daughter/ grandchildren etc.). One in every ten elderly respondents reported staying alone and the main challenges faced by them include 'cooking' (43.2%),groceries' 'managing (38.8%),'managing medicines' (34.8%) and 'washing clothes' (33.6%). 98% caregivers of the elderly were family members, as per elderly, of which 27 % were Son and 21 % were spouse.

### What all challenges have you been facing while living alone during Covid-19 pandemic?



<sup>\*</sup>only asked to respondents staying alone

### SEC GRADE OF HOUSEHOLD



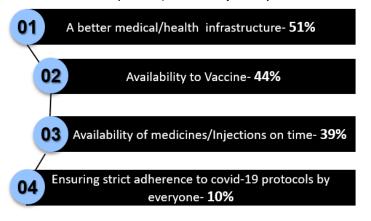
N=2513

The chart on the left gives the summary of SEC grade of the households covered (in percentage). About 45% of the respondents were worried that their family members/domestic help/ others will get infected by COVID-19. Amongst the cities this fear was least among elderly citizens of Hyderabad (29%) and Delhi (39.1%). Similarly, about 45% of the elderly reported being worried that they might get infected by COVID-19 through their family members/ domestic help/ others at home. For self, another family member or domestic help being infected with Covid-19 'oxygen cylinder' (58.7%), 'Hospital beds -including ICU/Ventilator' (43.3%), and 'medicines/ injections' (37.3%) were reported as most acutely required but difficult to get commodity across all cities.

Over one-fifth of the respondents (20.8%) reported losing someone among their family or friends due to Covid-19.

Amongst the cities, elderly in Mumbai reported the most casualties with three in every ten respondents reporting losing someone among their family or friends due to Covid-19. Amongst those elderly respondents who reported losing someone to the pandemic, 'a better medical/ health infrastructure', 'increased availability of vaccine' and 'timely

In your opinion, what do you think could have been done better to save their life? (N=522, multi response)

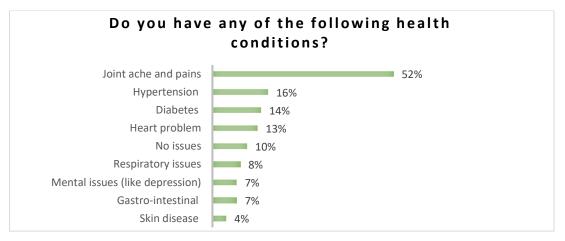


availability of medicines/injections' were reported as key factors which could have saved their life.



Amongst those elderly respondents who reported staying with a family member, relative or domestic help, nearly three-fifth (58.6%) reported one or more of their family members working/ studying from home. Amongst those who reported one or more of their family members working/ studying from home nearly six in every ten elderly respondents reported their day-to-day routine got affected by the work from home/study from home setting of the family members.

Other health conditions/ co-morbidities reported by elderly respondents include 'joint ache and pains' (52.4%), 'hypertension' (16.1%), 'diabetes' (14.3%) and 'heart problem' (13.2%). Other health issues that restrict their wellbeing include 'difficulty in walking' (44.9%), 'poor eyesight' (24.4%), 'problem in remembering and lack of concentration' (13.8%), 'difficulty in hearing' (13.7%) and 'difficulty in communication' (7.1%).



Primary sources of income reported include 'Remittances by family members – son, daughter relative etc.' (41.1%), 'pension or other cash transfers' (29.7%) and income from 'Business' (17.1%). About 5.8% of the total respondents reported they have 'no income'. Amongst the cities nearly one-fifth of the elderly in Chennai (17.5%) reported they do not have any source of income.

Amongst those respondents who reported having a source of income over half the respondents (52.2%) reported their income reduced due to Covid-19. Amongst the cities, Bangalore (63.4%) and Kolkata (60.9%) reported the maximum elderly respondents whose income was impacted due to the pandemic. The main reasons of reduced income due to the pandemic included 'loss of job of a family member' (34.9%), 'loss in the business due to lockdown' (33.8%), and 'pay cut of a family member' (30.2%). Across the cities the primary reason for reduced income included 'pay cut of a family member' in Bangalore (49.8%), 'loss of job of a family member' in Delhi (49.7%) and in Kolkata (34.6%), and 'loss in the business due to lockdown' in Hyderabad (44.6%), Chennai (35.1) and Mumbai (32%).

Overall, 6.7% of the elderly respondents reported being infected by Covid-19 while 14.1% were unaware whether they contracted the virus or not. The most infection among the cities was reported in Hyderabad where one individual was reported to be infected out of every 10 individuals. Delhi reported the maximum respondents (35.1% who were unaware whether they contracted the virus or not. Amongst those who were being infected by Covid-19, reported being looked after by primarily by 'family members – spouse/son/daughter/grandchildren etc.' (69.2%), 'caregiver – attendant' (21.9%) and 'medical professional – Nurse/ Doctor' (14.8%). A similar situation was seen among the cities except Hyderabad where majority (90.5%) reported being looked after by 'family members'. However, over one-fifth among these respondents (22.5%) reported they did not receive good care and treatment when infected by Covid. Amongst the cities Kolkata (38.1%), Chennai (27.8%) and Delhi (26.7%) reported comparatively a higher percentage of elderly who reported dissatisfaction with the care and treatment received when infected by Covid.

Over one-fifth of the total respondents (22.5%) reported being unaware of Covid appropriate behaviour which, amongst the cities was reported most by nearly half (49.9%) the respondents of Delhi. Three key Covid appropriate actions/ behaviour changes followed by the elderly respondents included 'maintaining physical distancing of 2 meters' (88.9%), 'wearing a mask when going outdoors' (82.7%) and 'washing hands with soap for 20 seconds' (76.3%). The least reported Covid appropriate actions/ behaviour include 'sneezing into a tissue or elbow' (14.4%) 'avoiding travelling (17.3%), 'avoiding touching face/eyes/nose' (18.4%) and 'sanitizing hand with alcohol-based hand rub' (39.7%).

Over two-fifth (41.8%) of the respondents expressed unawareness of any vaccines developed to stop the spread of COVID-19 infection. This awareness was maximum reported in Chennai (62.2%), Delhi (59.9%) and Kolkata (53.9%). Amongst those who are aware of the vaccine about 11% reported that vaccine is not really important for them while another 11% reported not knowing about the same. Amongst the cities, Delhi reported the maximum percentage of respondents believing that vaccine is not really important for them (22.6%) while another 23.8% reported not knowing about the same. Amongst those who are aware of the vaccine the primary benefits reported include 'being completely immune to Covid-19' (61.2%) and 'decrease in the severity of the disease' (50.6%). Amongst the cities, some of the respondents saw no benefits in getting vaccinated (Delhi - 14.3% and Chennai - 13.1%).

Amongst those who are aware of the vaccine, two-fifth of the respondents (39.4%) reported not yet receiving even a single dose of any vaccine. Again Delhi (65.5%) reported the maximum

percentage of respondents not yet receiving even a single dose of any vaccine followed by Mumbai (45.2%). Amongst those who had received the vaccination, nearly two-third of the respondents (64%) reported having taken the first dose only. Amongst those who have received the first vaccination, 10.4% reported they do not plan to take the second vaccine primarily owing to 'non-availability of vaccine' (52.5%), 'non-availability of vaccination slot' (44.1%) and expressing 'inability to travel to the vaccination center' (13.6%). Amongst the cities two-fifth of such respondents in Bangalore (40%) reported more side-effects of vaccine and over one-fifth of the respondents in Mumbai (22.2%) reported "there is no such thing as Corona' for not yet administering the second dose.

The most worrying factors reported in case of being infected with Covid were 'hospitalization' (42.1%) and 'isolation & quarantine' (34.2%). In the cities in addition to the above factors, nearly one-third of the respondents in Bangalore (31.1%) considered 'non availability of medicine / injections' and 32.3% respondents in Bangalore, 22.3% respondents in Mumbai and 21.6% respondents in Mumbai considered 'non-availability of Oxygen' as the other worrying factors. Given the pandemic situation nearly half of the respondents (47.4%) reported seeing a bleak future for themselves/ family members.

In terms of feelings developed since the start of the pandemic over one-third of the respondents (35.7%) reported 'they find themselves waiting for people to call (audio/video) and talk, more than before while another one-third (36.5%) reported 'some days they spend most of the time resting".

# Find themselves waiting for people to call and talk, more than before Some days they spend most of the time resting. They want someone to just be with them. The days seem to last too long 23% They feel trapped and frustrated. They feel less motivated to do things. 9% They still feel anxious and worried about the COVID-19 situation 12% Lam worried about getting infected with COVID-19 Lam worried about my family members & loved ones getting infected with COVID-19 Thave problem in sleeping (insomnia).

### FEELINGS OF THE ELDERLY DURING PANDEMIC

The survey showed that 'disrespect' (46.6%), 'verbal abuse' (26.8%) and 'beating/ slapping' (23.8%) primarily amounts to elder abuse. However, over one-fifth of the respondents (22.7%) also reported not knowing what elder abuse is.

Over two-fifth of the elderly (43.1%) believed that elder abuse in some form is prevalent in our society. This notion was highest among the elderly of Bangalore (67.7%) and Mumbai (57.6%).

### By Perpetrators who abuse

Perpetrators	Lifetime
Son	44%
Daughter-in-law	28%
Spouse/partner	4%
Daughter	14%
Grand child	8%
Parent	6%
Caregiver / servant	10%
Son-in-law	18%
Parent Caregiver / servant	6% 10%

Amongst those respondents reporting prevalence of elder abuse in the society, 15.6% of the respondents reported being a victim of elder abuse. The respondents who reported facing elder abuse primarily reported family members as abusers which includes 'son' (43.8%), 'daughter-in-law' (27.8%) and 'son-in-law' (17.8%) and 'daughter' (14.2%). The kinds of abuse faced mainly included 'disrespect' (45.6%), 'verbal abuse (26%) and 'beating/ slapping' (23.1%). Over one-fourth of the respondents in Hyderabad (28.6%) and Kolkata (26.9%) also reported facing 'neglect' as elder abuse. Type of abuse faced by the above respondents in the last one

year during the Covid-19 pandemic mainly include 'disrespect' (45.6%) and 'verbal abuse (26%). Further, nearly two-third of these respondents (62.1%) also felt that due to the COVID-19 pandemic the risk of them getting abused has increased.

In terms of severity the elderly respondents 60.1% ranked 'emotional abuse' as one i.e. most severe, 61.6% ranked 'financial abuse' as ranked two in terms of severity and 58.6% ranked 'verbal abuse' as third most severe.

Two-fifth of the elderly respondents reported 'not owning a smart phone' (40.2%) as well as 'having no access to internet' (42.6%). Nearly two-third of the respondents (63.2%) felt the lockdowns & the pandemic has affected their communication with friends, families, neighbours and loved ones. Amongst those elderly respondents who reported having access to internet major online activities which they could do by self includes 'Buying Groceries' (47.2%), 'Buying Medicines' (42.6%), 'Bank Transactions/Money transfer' (34.2%) and 'video conferencing with family members/relatives' (25.3%). 'Normal phone calls' (71.6%) and 'video calls' (40%) were reported as the primary mode of communication with friends and relatives during the Pandemic by the elderly.

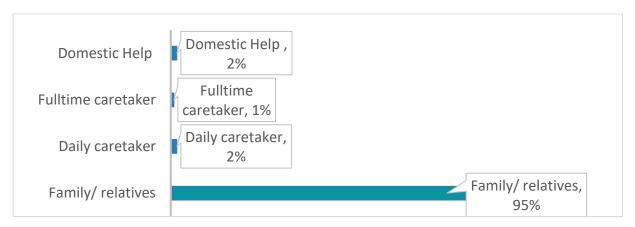
29%

Elderly feel a change in the behavior of their care takers/family members/friends/domestic help/others during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Nearly half the respondents (46.9%) believed they would be able to get back to normal lifestyle as it was before once the pandemic is over while one-third of the respondents (34.8%) said that they do not know what will happen post the pandemic. Further, one-third of the respondents (33.3%) felt they would become more dependent on their family members.

### 9. Research Findings- Young Caregivers in Household Setting

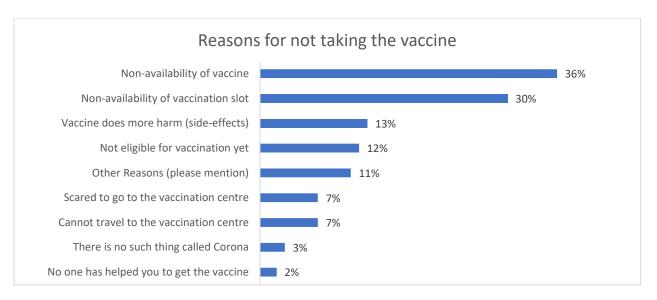
The sample of 503 young caregivers was spread across six cities viz. Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata, Chennai, Hyderabad and Bangalore which included 55.7% males and 44.3% females at an overall level. Majority (95%) of the respondents were family members (Spouse/son/daughter/grandchildren).



Majority of the young caregivers (94.2%) reported providing awareness on Covid-19 and its symptoms to the elderly members. In terms of preventive measures majority of respondents (97.4%) reported they ensure all members of the household including them wash their hands for minimum 20 seconds regularly and 87.1% reported ensuring all members of household wear a mask when external people visit the house.

Over one-tenth of the respondents in Chennai (10.8%) and Bangalore (13.3%) reported they did not provide Covid-related awareness to the elderly members while 6% of the respondents in Chennai and Bangalore reported they do not ensure household members wear a mask when external people visit the house.

Over two-fifth of the overall youth caregivers (41.4%) reported they are yet to take the vaccination with Bangalore reporting the most non-vaccinated respondents (55.4%). Among those who reported being vaccinated, nearly three-fifth (57.6%) reported being administered only the first dose. Among those who reported not being vaccinated most of the respondents reported 'non-availability of vaccine' (36.1%) and 'non-availability of vaccination slots' (29.8%) as the primary reasons for not yet being vaccinated.



Among cities, Delhi (58.1%) and Hyderabad (54.3%) reported 'non-availability of vaccine' as the primary reason for not being vaccinated while Mumbai (59.5%) and Bangalore (53.8%) reported 'non-availability of vaccination slots' as the primary reason. Nearly two-fifth of the respondents in Hyderabad (39.1%) reported 'non-eligibility' as one of the key reasons for not being vaccinated while nearly one-fifth of the youth caregivers in Chennai (23.1%) reported 'side-effects of vaccine' as one of the primary reasons. In Bangalore nearly one-fifth of the youth caregivers (23.1%) reported not being vaccinated as they believed 'there is no such thing as Corona'.

Nearly one-fourth of the youth caregivers (24.9%) reported they did not ensure the elderly in the household get vaccinated. In terms of cities over one-third of the respondents in Chennai (39.8%) and Hyderabad (33.7%) reported they did not ensure the elderly in the household get vaccinated. Among the youth caregivers, 14.1% reported they were infected by Covid-19 in the past one year. Among the cities over one-fifth of the respondents in Mumbai (26.5%) reported being infected by Covid-19 in the past one year. It was reported by 15.1% of the respondents that other members of their household were infected by Covid. Amongst the cities, over one-fourth of the youth caregivers reported other members of their household being infected by Covid. The main preventive measures being taken by the youth caregivers to keep their family members including adults safe at home included explaining them 'the importance of social distancing' (92.2%); importance of 'wearing a mask when interacting with people' (87.1%) and ensuring 'complete sanitization of purchased products including groceries, medicines and daily essentials' (84.1%).

# Steps taken by young caregivers to keep the elders and other family members and safe at home during the pandemic



Helping them understand the need of social distancing to keep them safe



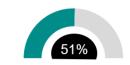
Explain them the advantages of wearing a mask while interacting with people



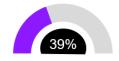
Ensuring complete sanitization of all the things including groceries, medicines, daily essentials etc. coming from outside



Ensuring better hygiene practices among family members like taking bath after coming back home from outside, changing clothes etc.



Avoid ordering of junk/outside food and encouraging healthy eating habits



Encouraging everyone including elders to make video calls to their friends/cousins instead of meeting them in person

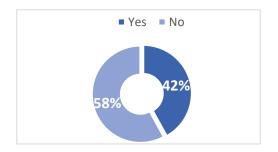
N=503. Multiple response

Nearly one-third of the overall youth caregivers (32.2%) reported they were not currently employed which included over half (51.1%) of all the female respondents. Amongst cities, Chennai (47%) followed by Kolkata (37.1%) and Hyderabad (31.3%) reported they were not currently an earning member of the household.

Over two-fifth of the respondents (41.9%) reported their salary has been reduced during the Covid pandemic while, amongst cities Hyderabad (66.3%) reported the most percentage of respondents who faced a salary cut followed by Kolkata (49.4%).

Has your salary been decreased during this time?

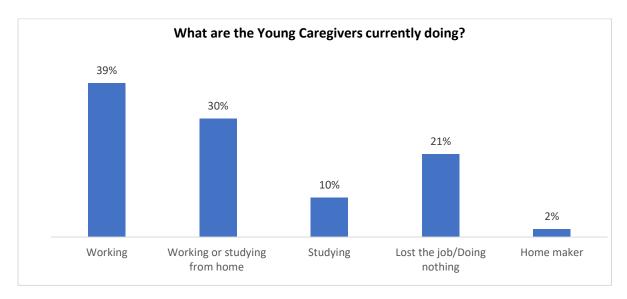




One-fifth of the overall youth caregivers reported losing their job during the pandemic. Kolkata (46.1%), followed by Delhi (31.7%) and Chennai (30.1%) reported the maximum percentage of respondents who lost their job during the Covid pandemic. Nearly half of the youth caregivers (48.1%) reported facing difficulty in managing the expenses. Respondents in Hyderabad (65.1%), followed by Delhi (53.7%) and Kolkata (50.6%) reported the most percentage of youth caregivers facing difficulty in managing the expenses amongst the surveyed cities.

Amongst the youth caregivers 30% of the respondents reported working/studying from home of which over one-fifth of the respondents (28.4%) felt working/studying from home causes inconvenience to the elderly people at home. Amongst the respondents who reported working/studying from home causes inconvenience to the elderly people at home, the primary

reasons reported include 'too much noise' (66.7%), 'inability to work in peace' (45.2%) and 'less space or crowded home' (38.1%).

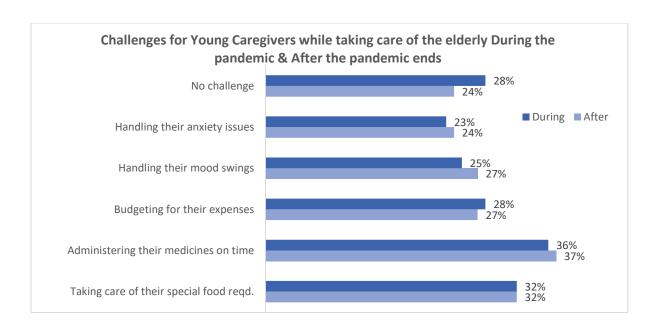


Nearly two-fifth of the respondents (39.4%) reported facing difficulty in accessing essential goods and services during the pandemic. Amongst, the cities this was reported maximum in Kolkata (49.4%) and Hyderabad (45.8%). Most of the youth caregivers (87.3%) reported having access to the internet from their home. Amongst the cities, over one-fourth of the respondents in Chennai (25.3%) reported not having access to internet at home. Over two-fifth of the youth caregivers (42.9%) reported not taking the effort to explain basic smartphone features to those elderly at home who have a smartphone. Amongst the surveyed cities, this was reported most by respondents of Delhi (56.1%) followed by Kolkata (47.2%) and Chennai (44.6%).

Over half the respondents (55.7%) felt that the elderly would become more dependent on the family members once the pandemic subsides. Amongst the cities, this was felt most by respondents of Hyderabad (61.4%), followed by respondents of Kolkata (57.3%), Delhi (56.1%) and Bangalore (54.2%).

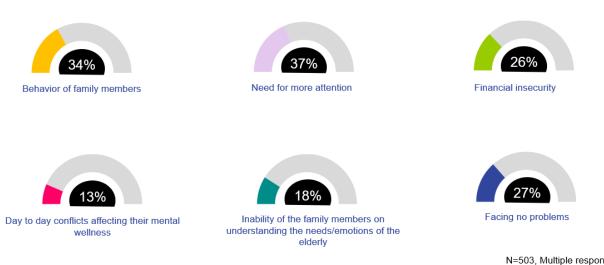
Over one-third of the respondents (36%) reported facing difficulty in giving full attention or dedicating time to elderly members of the family. However, amongst the cities over four-fifth of the respondents in Hyderabad (85.5%) reported facing difficulty in giving full attention or dedicating time to elderly members of the family.

The most challenges faced by the youth caregivers of the elderly during the pandemic include 'timely administration of their medicines' (37%), 'taking care of their special food requirements' (32.2%), 'budgeting for their expenses' (27%), 'handling their mood swings' (27%) and 'handling their anxiety issues' (23.9%). Amongst the cities the most challenge faced by youth caregivers in Delhi was 'taking care of their special food requirements' (37.6%), while respondents in Hyderabad (59%) and Kolkata (46.1%) reported 'timely administration of their medicines' as the primary challenge during the pandemic. In terms of post pandemic challenges, 'timely administration of their medicines' (36.4%) and 'taking care of their special food requirements' (32%) were reported as the primary challenges.



In terms of challenges faced by the elderly from other family members in the house of the youth caregivers include 'requiring more attention' (37.4%), 'behaviour of family members' (33.6%) and 'financial insecurity' (26%).

### Challenges faced by the elderly in their house from other family members during the pandemic?



N=503, Multiple response

### 10. Research Findings- Elderly living in Old Age Home

47 % 53 %

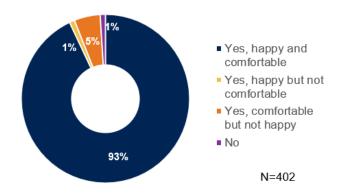


A total of 402 elderly respondents (above 60 years) in a formal setting spread across six cities viz. Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata, Chennai, Hyderabad and Bangalore were surveyed which included 47% males and 53% females at an overall level. Over half (53.2%) of the respondents were in the age group 60-69 years, 30.6% were in the age group 70-79 years and 16.2% were in the age group 80-90 years.

Majority of the elders reported they have friends at the centre where they are staying, although one in every 10 elders reported not having any friend. The situation was similar across the cities, except Mumbai where nearly one-fifth of

the elders (17.9%) reported not having any friend. Majority of the elders (92.5%) felt 'happy and comfortable', however in Kolkata over one-fourth (26.9%) elders reported being 'comfortable but not happy'.

### Are you comfortable and happy at the center?



Over two-fourth of the elders (41%) reported facing difficulties at the centre. Amongst the cities over four-fifth of the elders of Delhi (83.6%) and nearly half the elders of Mumbai (49.3%) reported facing difficulties at the centre. The two major chronic diseases reported by elders include 'joint ache and pains' (47%) and hypertension (29.6%). In terms of key health issues which pose a challenge and cannot be taken care by self, include 'difficulty in walking', (51.2%) 'poor eyesight' (27.9%), 'difficulty in hearing' (13.2%) and 'Problem in remembering & lack of concentration' (10.9%).

Nearly one in every 10 elderly respondents reported not having access to regular medical care/medication at the centre. Nearly two-fifth of the elders (40.5%) faced difficulty in accessing medical care/medication because of the COVID-19 situation in the country. Amongst the cities it was reported highest in Delhi (79.1%).

Over 15% of the elderly reported being infected by Covid in the last one year. Amongst the cities Delhi (41.8%) reported the most cases followed by Mumbai (23.9%) and Chennai (16.4%). Amongst those who were infected by Covid over half the respondents (56.5%) rated the care and treatment received to be the lowest.

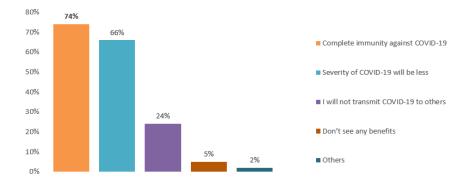
93% of the respondents are aware of the COVID-19 appropriate behaviour to be followed to avoid getting infected

Majority of elders (93.3%) reported being aware of COVID-19 appropriate behaviour to be followed to avoid getting infected. However, two elderly out of every ten in Mumbai and one elderly out of every ten in Kolkata accepted being unaware of COVID-19 appropriate behaviour. Amongst those elders who reported awareness of COVID-19

appropriate behaviour reported the primary behaviours they follow include 'maintaining physical distancing' (96.3%), 'Washing Hands with soap for 20 seconds' (89.3%), 'wearing a mask when going outdoors' (85.9%), 'wearing a mask when indoors with other members' (74.7%) and 'Sanitising hands with Alcohol based hand rub' (42.9%).

Nearly two elderlies out of every 10 reported being unaware of any of the vaccines developed to stop the spread of COVID-19 infection. Amongst the cities one-third of the elders in Kolkata (34.3%) and about one-fourth of the elderly in Mumbai (26.9%) and Hyderabad (23.9%) reported being unaware of any of the Covid-19 vaccines. Amongst those respondents who were aware of the Covid-19 vaccine nearly one in every 10 respondents perceived that the vaccine is not important for them. Amongst the cities over one-fourth of the elders in Hyderabad (27.5%) and 17.5% of elderly in Bangalore perceived that the vaccine is not important for them. Amongst those respondents who were aware of the Covid-19 vaccine the benefits perceived included 'I will be completely immune to Covid19' (73.5%), 'severity of the disease will be lessened' (66.2%) and 'I will not transmit to others' (23.7%).

### Benefits of taking Vaccination (N=325)



Amongst those respondents who were aware of the Covid-19 vaccine one-third (33.8%) reported not yet being vaccinated. Among the cities nearly half the elders of Chennai (47.5%) and Hyderabad (47.1%) reported not yet being vaccinated. Of the respondents who reported being vaccinated 13% reported they do not intend to take the second dose. The most of such respondents were in Mumbai (30.8%) and Hyderabad (25.9%).

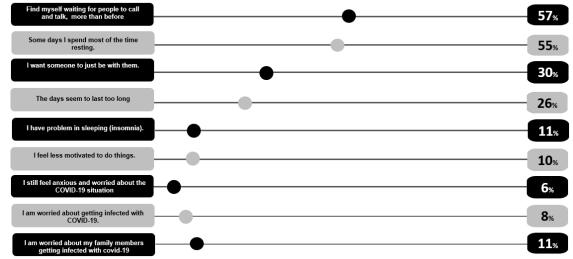
Amongst those respondents who were yet to take the first dose of Covid vaccine the primary reasons for not being vaccinated include 'non-availability of vaccine' (58.2%), 'non-availability of vaccination slot' (30.9%) and 'inability to travel to the vaccination centre' (18.2%).



N= 110, muiti response

Over half the elders (52.7%) reported not being worried of getting infected with Coronavirus. In terms of cities, over three-fourth (77.6%) of the respondents in Hyderabad reported not being worried. Amongst those respondents who reported being worried of getting infected with Coronavirus, the top worries include 'Hospitalization' (62.2%), 'Isolation and Quarantine' (60.6%), 'Abandonment by caretakers/family members' (22.9%), 'Non-availability of Oxygen' (21.3%), 'non-availability of adequate hospital beds' (19.7%), and 'No one to take care of them' (18.6%).

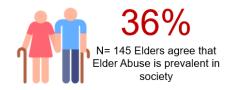
### FEELINGS OF THE ELDERLY DURING PANDEMIC



N=402, multi response

Post the onset of pandemic, the main feelings of the elderly include 'finding self, waiting for people to call (audio/video) and talk more than before' (56.7%), 'spend some days most of the time resting' (54.7%), 'wanting someone to just be with them' (30.3%) and 'the days appearing to last too long' (26.4%).

Over half (53.7%) the respondents reported not knowing what amounts to elder abuse while remaining elderly reported 'Disrespect' (37.8%), 'Beating/ Slapping/Pushing' (27.1%), 'Verbally Abusing' (26.9%), 'neglect' (22.4%), 'economic exploitation' (12.2%) and 'Unwelcome or forcible Sexual Contact' (6%) amounts to sexual abuse. Majority of the elders in Kolkata (92.5%) and Hyderabad (86.6%) reported not knowing what amounts to elder abuse.



Over one-third (36.1%) of the elders reported that Elder Abuse in any form is prevalent in their society or around them. Amongst the cities 68.7% in Delhi, 44.8% in Chennai, 37.3% in Bangalore, 31.3% in Bangalore, 23.9% in Kolkata and 10.4% in Hyderabad. Amongst those elders who reported that elder abuse is prevalent in the society, the kind of abuse seen or

experienced include 'Disrespect' (46.9%), 'Beating/ Slapping/Pushing' (29.7%), 'Verbally Abusing' (27.6%), 'neglect' (23.4%), 'economic exploitation' (11.7%) and 'Unwelcome or forcible Sexual Contact' (2.8%) amounts to sexual abuse.

Amongst those elders who reported being aware of elder abuse, one-fourth (26.9%) reported having been a victim of verbal abuse themselves. They reported being abused primarily by their 'children' (48.7%), relatives (23.1%), Cleaners/Maintenance staff (23.1%), Old age home manager/owner (20.5%) and as well as doctors/ nurses (17.9%). The abuses faced by these respondents include 'Disrespect' (74.4%), 'neglect' (35.9%), 'Verbally Abusing' (30.8%), 'Beating/ Slapping' (25.6%), and 'economic exploitation' (17.9%).

In the last one year during the pandemic the abuses faced by these respondents include 'Disrespect' (48.7%), 'Beating/ Slapping/Pushing' (25.6%), 'Verbally Abusing' (20.5%), 'economic exploitation' (10.3%), 'neglect' (7.7%) and 'Unwelcome or forcible Sexual Contact' (2.6%). Their abusers in the last one year include 'Old Age Homes Care Takers' (56.4%), 'Family Members' (23.1%) while over one-fifth (23.1%) did not give any response.

### By Perpetrators who abuse

Perpetrators	Lifetime
Children	49%
Relatives	23%
Friends	3%
Peon	3%
Old Age home manager/owner	21%
Doctors/nurse	18%
Visitors	10%
Receptionist	13%
Cleaners/maintenance staff	23%
Other OAH members	8%
Don't want to disclose	8%

Amongst those respondents who reported that elder abuse is prevalent in the society, nearly two-third (65.5%) feel that the COVID-19 pandemic has increased the risk of elderly abuse. Further, these elderlies feel several elderlies like them are facing abuses that mainly include 'emotional abuse' (60%), 'financial abuse' (40%), 'physical abuse' (31%), 'psychological abuse' (18.6%) and verbal abuse (17.9%).

Nearly one-fifth of the elderly (20.9%) reported that they feel depressed 'all the time' or 'most of the time' while nearly three-fifth (62.9%) of the elderly reported that they feel depressed 'a little' or 'sometimes' looking at the situation of COVID-19 in the country.

Nearly one-third of the elderly (34.1%) reported seeing/feeling a change in the behaviour of their care takers/family members during the pandemic. This was reported most by elderly respondents of Delhi (77.6%) followed by Mumbai (47.8%), Bangalore (26.9%), Hyderabad (25.4%), Chennai (20.9%) and Kolkata (6%).

Three-fifth (58.5%) of the elderly respondents felt that COVID-19 pandemic has affected their communication with their friends, families, neighbours and loved ones. Mostly the respondents of

Delhi (86.6%) and Hyderabad (73.1%) felt that COVID-19 pandemic has affected their communication with their friends, families, neighbours and loved ones.

In terms of counselling sessions, 12.7% of the respondents reported they rarely attended any counselling sessions organised by the old age home for the elderly while one in every ten respondents reported that no such sessions are help in their old age home. Further, 12.1% of the respondents also reported being unaware of such sessions.

Over one-third (36.8%) of the respondents reported seeing a bleak future given the pandemic situation. Amongst the cities three-fifth (61.2%) of the respondents of Kolkata, nearly half the respondents of Hyderabad (53,7%) and Bangalore (46.3%) and one-fourth of the elderly of Chennai (26.9%) reported seeing a bleak future given the pandemic situation.

# Are the elderly looking forward to a hopeful life and living?





About one in every ten elderly (8.7%) reported they do not look forward to a hopeful life. Amongst the cities there were about one-fourth (23.9%) of the respondents in Bangalore who felt the same.

Over three-fifth of the elderly (61.9%) reported that sessions for yoga/meditation are conducted by caregivers/yoga guru. Amongst the cities two-fifth of the respondents in Kolkata (43.3%) and one-fourth of the elderly in Chennai (28.4%) and Delhi (25.4%) reported that no such sessions are conducted.

About three-fourth (74.1%) of the elderly believed that they would be able to get back to their normal lifestyle as it was before once the pandemic ends.

Some of the things that the elderly reported missing doing/experiencing compared to the time before Covid-19 include 'going out for a walk' (80.1%), 'not having to wear a mask' (54.5%), 'meeting friends/ families without Covid protocols' (41.8%) and 'visiting religious places' (21.4%).

Do you think you would get back to your normal lifestyle as it was before?





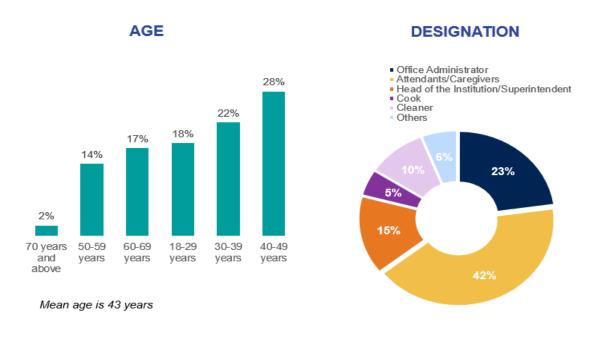


Continue with COVID-19 appropriate behavior **7%** 

The various restrictions imposed / protocol instituted by their Old Age Home (OAH) to protect the elders reported include 'no visitors being allowed' (81.1%), 'mandatory wearing of the mask' (70.4%), 'not allowed to go outside the OAH' (68.9%), 'change in diet' (23.1%) and 'not being allowed to congregate in the OAH for recreational activities' (9%).

### 11. Research Findings- Caregivers in Old Age Home

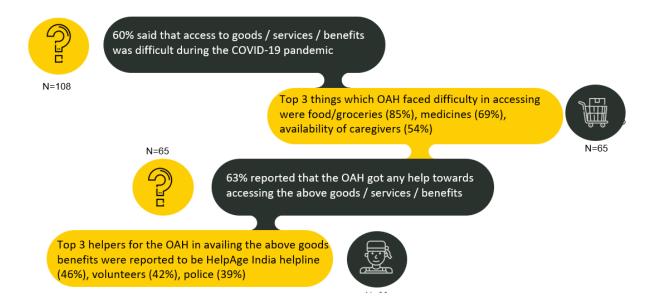
The sample of 108 young caregivers was spread across Old Age Homes (OAH) in six cities viz. Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata, Chennai, Hyderabad and Bangalore which included 51.9% males and 48.1% females at an overall level. Close to 40% of the OAH staff interviewed are under 40 years of age. Around 42% of them are caregivers by designation however most of them are helping the staff in caregiving.



N=108

The staff at OAH felt and reported difficulty in accessing goods/services/benefits during pandemic (60.2%). Most of the goods/services found difficult in accessing are food/groceries (84.6%) but they reported finding support in accessing these services at center (63.1%). The top three supports available in availing these goods/services are HelpAge India Helpline (46.3%), Volunteers (41.5%), and Family members (31.7%) of the elderly.

### ACCESSIBILITY TO GOODS AND SERVICES



Half of the OAHs have reported facing shortage of funds in meeting the resident's requirements during the pandemic. The staff reported having regular fumigation process at the OAHs (93.5%) and reported having at everyday (75.2%).



The elderly reported to be washing hands/sanitizing hands (95.4%) by the caregivers.

More than 86% of the caregivers reported having facility of resident doctors. Only 67% of them have any tie up with any hospital for medical emergency. Not all of the OAHs have reported conducting regular health check ups (only 65.7% reported having check-ups always). The staff working at the OAHs informed that only 26.9% of them are covered under health insurance. There needs to more support (financial and non-financial as well) to these OAHs to have better support for medical support and general check-ups. This may also include activities for general well-being for elders. Only 25% of the all Old Age Homes are covered by any insurance.

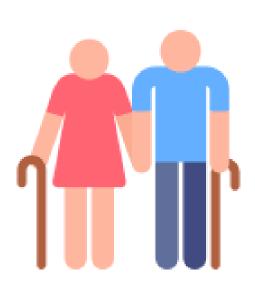
Close to 62% of the respondents in this category have been vaccinated, amongst them 30% are reported to have taken both the doses. As mentioned in the informal sector, the main reason for not being able to get vaccines by those who didn't get vaccinated are non-availability of vaccine (55.3%) and non-availability of vaccination slot (38.3%).

Close to 44% of the respondents reported having acute shortage of staff at the OAHs during pandemic creating stress for them. The staff also is afraid of getting infected with Covid while

taking care of the elderly (51%). This will not only have impact on the mental health of the caretakers but also on the quality of care.

Around 48% of the caregivers said that they are worried about elderly being impacted by Covid and the top two worries are Isolation and Quarantine (61.5%) and Hospitalization (55.8%).

Caretakers also reported having patients who need extra care such as dementia, bed ridden patients etc (61%).

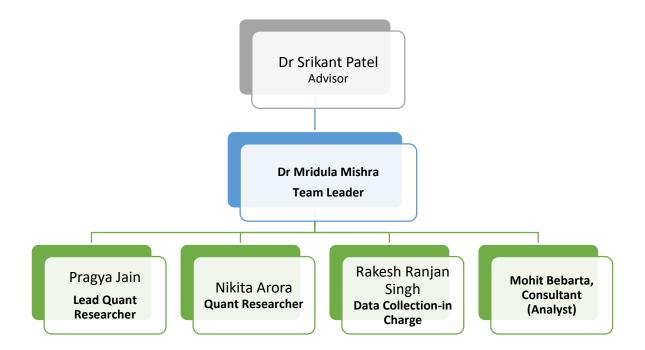


61%

Caregivers responded that their old age home have patients who needs extra care in their day-to-day activities (like Dementia, Alzheimer, bed ridden patients)

86% believes that elderly with special needs get adequate care during pandemic

### **Project Team**



### **CONFORMITY TO ISO STANDARD SLIDE**

- ✓ This work will be undertaken in accordance with the standards laid out in ISO 20252:2019, ensuring a consistent quality of work to the highest standards in the industry. Ipsos's processes are annually audited by external certified to external accredited quality assessors.
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# **ANNEXURE**

GAME CHANGERS



# **Survey Tool- Informal Setting Elderly**

		<b>Screener Questions</b>		
Q. No.	Question	Response	Code	Skip/Instructions
		Delhi	1	
		Mumbai	2	
		Kolkata	3	
1	What is the name of the city you	Chennai	4	
1	are living in? (SA)	Hyderabad	5	
		Bangalore	6	
		None of the above	7	Terminate the interview
	Condon of the Decreadest (CA)	Male	1	
2	Gender of the Respondent (SA)	Female	2	
3	What is the absolute age of the respondent?	years		If < 18 years, terminate the survey. If 18-59 years, continue. If above 60 years, skip to Q11.
4	Do you have an elderly person	Yes	1	
	in your home? (SA)	No	2	Terminate Interview
5	How many elderly members do you have at home?			
6	Who takes care of the elderly in the house?	Members of the family take care of the elderly (Son/ daughter/daughter in law / son in law / grandson/granddaughter, myself, or Any other)  An hired help takes care of	1	
		the elderly	2	

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		<u></u>		
	Can you please share the name	Yes	1	
	and contact number of the	No	2	
7	elderly in your house ?	I can pass on the phone	3	INSTRUCTION: Request them to pass on the phone after their interview is complete.
8	Please Note down the name of the Elderly in the household			Depending on the number of elderlies mentioned in Q7
9	Please Note down the phone Number of the Elderly			
10	Are you responsible for taking	Yes	1	Start Young Care Giver Module
10	care of the elderly at your home?	No, other family member or hired help	2	
11	Can you share the contact number of the caregiver who takes care of the elderly/you?	Can pass on the phone	1	IF AGE IS > 60 yrs IN Q3- Start with Elderly Module and request to start caregiver module after that.  IF AGE BETWEEN 18-59 IN Q3- Start with Young care giver module.
		Can share the contact number	2	
		No	3	Start with Elderly Module
13	Please Note down the name of the Care Giver			
14	Please Note down the phone Number of the Care Giver			Start Elderly Module

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INFORMED CONSENT
Interviewer to read:
Hello, my name is
Participation in this survey is voluntary and you may withdraw your participation any time. However, we hope that you will take part since your participation is important. During the interview process if you are not able to understand any question, please feel free to ask me to repeat.  For quality control purposes on the survey, this interview would be recorded. This will be done automatically by the device. We appreciate your consent in advance.
Do you agree?
Interviewer instruction:
Code Yes unless the respondent says No. If Yes, The respective Module will begin.

Do you have any questions now? If YES, Interviewer should respond to the queries.

Informal Setting (Elderly)					
Household attributes					
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions	
1	Name of the Respondent (elderly)				
2	Please tell me which of these items do you have at home?	Electricity Connection Ceiling Fan LPG Stove Two-Wheeler Color TV Refrigerator Washing Machine Personal Computer/ Laptop Own Smart Phone Car/Jeep/Van Air Conditioner Agricultural Land under cultivation	01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11	Item(s) should be in working condition	

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		Illiterate	01	
		Literate without formal schooling	02	
	Could you tell me	School-Up to 4 years	03	
	something about	School-5 to 9 years	04	
	the person who makes the biggest	Secondary / Matric passed (Class-X)	05	
3	contribution to the	Hr./Sr. Secondary passed (Class-XII)	06	
	running of the household? To what level has he/she studied?	Some College (including Diploma)		
		but not graduate	07	
		Graduate (general degree)	08	
		Post graduate (general degree)	09	
		Graduate (professional degree)	10	
		Post graduate (professional degree)	11	
4	SEC Grade of Household	Auto Display		

	Section 1: Consequences of lockdown on the family and on the older persons					
Q.	Question	Response	Option	Skip/Instructions		
No.			Code			
		With family	1	Skip to Q3		
		(spouse/son/daughter/grand				
		children etc.)				
_	Who do you stay/live with?	With spouse only	2	Skip to Q3		
1	(SA)	With relatives	3	Skip to Q3		
		Alone	4	Don't ask Q8, Q9		
		Domestic Help	5	Skip to Q3		
		Other (please specify)	98	Skip to Q3		
		Managing groceries	1			
		Cooking	2			
		Utilities Bill	3			
	What all challenges have	Washing clothes	4			
2	you been facing while living	Managing medicines	5			
2	alone during Covid-19	Regular Medical Care	6			
	pandemic? (MA)	Anxiety	7			
		Banking	8			
		Depression	9			
		Other (please specify)	98			

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			ı	,
	Are you worried that your family members/Domestic	Yes	1	
3	help/ others will get infected by COVID-19 because of you? (SA)	No	2	
4	Are you worried that you would get infected by COVID-19 through your	Yes	1	
4	family members/ domestic help/ any others at home? (SA)	No	2	
	In case you / your family member/domestic	Oxygen cylinder	1	
	help/relative is or was affected by COVID-19, what	Hospital beds (including ICU/Ventilator)	2	
5	were the things which	Medicines/Injections	3	
	were/was most acutely required but was difficult to	Oximeter	4	
	get? (MA)	Other (please specify)	98	
6	Have you lost anyone in your family or friends due	Yes	1	
	to COVID-19? (SA)	No	2	Skip to Q8
		A better medical/health infra.	1	
	In view entire what do	Availability to Vaccine	2	
7	In your opinion, what do you think could have been	Availability of medicines/Injections on time	3	
	done better to save their life? (MA)	Ensuring strict adherence to covid- 19 protocols by everyone	4	
		Others (please specify)	98	
	During the COVID-19 pandemic, did the family	Yes	1	
8	members work from home/study from home? (SA)	No	2	Skip to Q10
9	Did the work from home/study from home	Yes	1	
J	setting of the family members, affect your day-	No	2	

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	to-day routine? (SA)			
		Joint ache and pains	1	
		Hypertension	2	
		Heart problem	3	
	Do you have any of the	Diabetes	4	
10	following health conditions?	Respiratory issues	5	
	(Multiple code) (Read Out)	Gastro-intestinal	6	
		Mental issues (like depression)	7	
		Skin disease	8	
		Others (Please mention)	98	2
			<u> </u>	
		Difficulty in walking	1	
		Poor eyesight	2	
		Problem in remembering and lack	3	
		of concentration		
		Difficulty in hearing	4	
	Do you face any health issues that restrict your well-being? (MA)	Difficulty in communication	5	
11		ADL	6	
		IADL	7	
		Difficulty in taking care of self (general weakness/disease related issue)	8	
		Others (Please mention)	98	
	<u> </u>	Carrette (Freder Frederick)	30	
		Remittances by family members (son, daughter relative etc.)	1	
		Personal investments (FD, Mutual funds, etc.)	2	
	Miles I is for a second of	Pension or other cash transfers	3	
L2	What is/are your source(s) of income?	Covid-19 related government aid or other NGO assistance	4	
	(MA)	Business	5	
		Regular salary	6	
		No Income	7	Skip to Q15
		Formal or informal loans	8	
		others (Please mention)	98	
13	Has your source of income been impacted due to	Yes	1	

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		Loss of job of the family member	1	
		Pay cut of the family member	2	
	What was/were the reason(s) that your source	Loss of job of self (due to lockdown)	3	
14	of income was impacted	Pay cut of self (due to lockdown)	4	
	during the COVID-19 pandemic? (MA)	Loss in the business due to lockdown	5	
		Loss of family member(s)	6	
		Any other (Please mention)	98	
				<u> </u>
	Have you been infected	Yes	1	
15	with COVID-19 ? (SA)	No	2	Skip to Q18
	()	Don't know	3	Skip to Q18
		Family members (spouse/son/daughter/grand children etc.)	1	
	Who took care during your illness due to COVID - 19? (MA)	Caregiver (Attendant)	2	
16		Medical professional (Nurse, Doctor)	3	
		NGO staff	4	
		Others (please specify)	98	
	Did you receive good care	Yes	1	
17	and treatment when you			
	were infected? (SA)	No	2	
	Are you aware of the			
18	Are you aware of the COVID-19 appropriate	Yes	1	
	behaviour to be followed to avoid getting infected? (SA)	No	2	Skip to Q20
19	Mention at least 3 actions/behavior changes	Maintaining Physical Distancing (6ft or 2 meters)	1	
	that you follow to avoid getting coronavirus?	Wearing a Mask when indoors with other members	2	
	(Multi Code)	Wearing a mask when going outdoors	3	
		Washing Hands with soap (20 seconds)	4	
		Sanitising your hand with Alcohol	5	

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			1	
		based hand rub		
		Sneezing into a tissue or elbow	6	
		Avoid touching face/eyes/nose	7	
		Avoid Travelling (unless very	8	
		necessary)		
		I don't do anything	9	
20	Are you aware of any of the vaccines developed to stop	Yes	1	
	the spread of COVID-19 infection? (SA)	No	2	Skip to Q27
	Do you think vaccination is	Yes	1	
21	really important for you?	No	2	
	(SA)	Don't know/can't say	3	
		I will be completely immune to Covid-19	1	
22	What do you think are the	The severity of the disease will be lessened	2	
22	benefits of taking the vaccination? (MA)	I will not transmit to others	3	
		I don't see any benefits in taking the vaccination	4	
		Other (Please specify)	98	
	Have you been	Yes	1	
23	administered a dosage of			cl: . ooc
	COVID-19 vaccine? (SA)	No	2	Skip to Q26
2.	How many dosage of the	1		
24	vaccine have you been	2		Skip to Q27
	administered? (SA)			Jp 10 42,
	Are you planning on your	Yes	1	Skip to Q27
25	second dose? (SA)	No	2	JAIP LO QZ/
	3000 TIG GOSC. (3/1)	INO		
		Non-availability of vaccine	1	
	What is/are the reason(s)	Non-availability of vaccine	1	
	for not taking the COVID-19	Non-availability of vaccination slot	2	
26	vaccine shot yet? (Multi	Cannot travel to the vaccination centre	3	
	Code)	Vaccine does more harm (side- effects)	4	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>

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		I feel less motivated to do things	5	
		I feel trapped & frustrated		
		The days seem to last too long	4	
		I want someone to just be with me.		
1	wrong answers here. (Read out) (Multi code)	resting	3	
	started. There are no right or	Some days I spend most of the time	2	
	feelings since the pandemic	before		
	that best describes your	(audio/video) and talk, more than	_	
	Please indicate the response	I find myself waiting for people to call	1	
No.			Code	
Q.	Question	Response	Option	Skip/Instructions
1		OR OF THE YOUNG ADULT CAREGIVES $^{ op}$		
0=0	TION 3. CHANGE IN BEHAVIOR		05.55	ALLY DUDING DANGER
		Others (please specify)	4	
	situation? (SA)	No change	3	
28	yourself and/or your family / given the pandemic	Future seems to be bleak	2	
	What future do you see for	Future seems to be bright	1	
	AA/L-1.C.1			
		Fear of Dying	11	
		Coronavirus		
		There is no such thing as	10	
		Nothing is worrisome	9	
		People wearing the PPE kits	8	
	, ,	No one to take care of me	7	
	(MA)	Non-availability of Oxygen	6	
27	worrisome about being infected with Coronavirus?	injections		
	What according to you is	Non availability of medicine /	5	
		Non-availability of adequate hospital beds	4	
		members		
		Abandonment by caretakers/family	3	
		Hospitalisation	2	
		Isolation and Quarantine	1	
		Other Reasons (please mention)	8	
		centre		
		Scared to go to the vaccination	7	
		vaccine		
		No one has helped you to get the	6	
		Corona		
		No one has helped you to get the	6	

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			_	
		I still feel anxious and worried about the COVID-19 situation	6	
		I am worried about getting infected with covid-19	7	
		I am worried about my family		
		members & loved ones getting		
		infected with covid-19		
		I have problem in sleeping (insomnia)	8	
		Cannot describe	9	
		Disrespect	1	
		Beating/ Slapping	2	
		Verbally Abusing	3	
	What according to you	Economic Exploitation	4	
2	amounts to Elder Abuse? (Multi code)	Unwelcome or forcible Sexual Contact	5	
	Abuse! (Wuiti code)	Neglect	6	
		Don't Know	7	7
		Others (Specify)	98	
3	Do you think that Elder Abuse	Yes	1	
	in any form is prevalent in our	No	2	Skip to Q11
	society? (SA)			
	Have you ever been a victim of	Yes	1	
4	Have you ever been a victim of Elder Abuse? (SA)	No	2	Skip to Q10
	Elder Abuse: (SA)	INO		Skip to Q10
		Son	1	
		Daughter	2	
		Daughter in law	3	
		Son in law	4	
		Spouse	5	
5	Who were/are the abuser(s)?	Grand daughter	6	
	(Multi code)	Grandson	7	
		Parent	8	
		Domestic help / servant	9	
		Primary Caregiver (specify)	10	
		Others (specify)	98	
		Others (specify)	70	
		Disrespect	1	
		Disrespect		
_	What abuses did you	Beating/ Slapping	2	
6	face? (MA)	Verbally Abusing	3	
		Economic Exploitation	4	
		Unwelcome or forcible Sexual Contact	5	

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		Neglect	6	
		Others (Specify)	7	
				1
_	From how long have you been facing elder abuse? Please	Years		
7	mention the number of	Months		
	years/months?	Don't know	99	
		Disrespect	1	
		Beating/ Slapping	2	
	In the last one year during the	Verbally Abusing	3	
0	Covid-19 pandemic, what type	Economic Exploitation	4	
8	of abuses have you	Unwelcome or forcible Sexual Contact	5	
	faced? (MA)	Neglect	6	
		Didn't face any abuse	7	
		Others (Specify)	98	
9	Do you feel that due to the COVID-19 pandemic the risk of	Yes	1	
	you getting abused has increased? (SA)	No	2	
		,		1
		Emotional Abuse	1	
	Please rank the following	Financial Abuse	2	
	types of abuses which older	Physical Abuse	3	
10	people are facing today in the	Psychological Abuse	4	
10	order of severity i.e., most	Sexual Abuse/violence	5	
	severe to least severe. (Read	Verbal Abuse	6	
	out)	I don't think older people face any such abuses	7	
				<del>_</del>
	Did you see/feel a change in the behavior of your care	Yes	1	
11	takers/family members/friends/domestic	No	2	
	help/others during the COVID- 19 pandemic? (SA)	Can't say	3	
		,	T	1
12	Do you own a smart mobile	Yes	1	
	phone? (SA)	No	2	
		,		
13	Do you have access to	Yes	1	
13	internet? (SA)	No	2	Don't ask Q15

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		I		
14	Do you feel the lockdowns & the pandemic has affected your communication with your friends, families, neighbors	Yes	1 2	
	and loved ones? (SA)	No	2	
		Buying Groceries	1	
		Buying Medicines	2	
	What online activities are you	Bank Transactions/Money transfer	3	
15	What online activities are you able to do by yourself?	Video Conferencing with Doctors	4	
	(MA)	Video Conferencing with Family members/relatives	5	
		Watching content on websites	6	
		Others (Please specify)	98	
		Normal Phone calls	1	
		Video calls	2	2
	How do/did you stay in touch	Instant messages	3	
16	with your friends and relatives	They visit me	4	
	during the Pandemic? (MA)	I visited them	5	
		Letters/Emails	6	
		Others (Please specify)	98	
	Section	on 3: Behavior of the family after loc	kdown	
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
	When pandemic subsides, do	Get back to normal lifestyle	1	
1	you think you would get back to your normal lifestyle as it	Continue with Covid appropriate behavior	2	
	was before? (SA)	Don't know/ Can't say	3	
	When pandemic subsides, do	Yes	1	
2	you feel that you would become more dependent on	No	2	
	your family members? (SA)	Don't know/ Can't say	3	
	<b>—</b> 1 • • •		10: 0.1	
	Thank You	ı for your time. Please Take care and	Stay Safe	•

## **Survey Tool-Informal Setting Young Caregivers**

		Informal Setting (Young Caregivers)		
		Section 1: Introduction		
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
1	Age of the Young Care Giver			
2	Gender of the Young Care Giver (SA)	Male Female	1 2	
3	What is your relationship with the elderly? (SA)	Spouse/son/daughter/grand children Professional caretaker- comes everyday Professional caretaker- stays with	2 3	
	with the cideny: (3A)	the family Domestic Help Others (please specify)	4 98	
4	Contact Number	Don't have a personal contact number	99	
	Secti	ion 2: COVID-19 INFECTION & ISOLATION	_	1
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
1	Have you created awareness regarding Covid-19 and its symptoms among elderly members in the house? (SA)	Yes No	1 2	
	Do you ensure that everyone including you in the household are washing their	Yes	1	
2	hands for at least 20 seconds regularly as per the government guidelines to safeguard from Covid-19? (SA)	No	2	

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	household (including the	Yes, always	1	
3	elderly) are wearing a	Yes, but sometimes	2	
	mask, incase an external person is coming to the house? (SA)	No	3	
4	Have you been administered with the	Yes	1	
4	COVID-19 Vaccine? (SA)	No	2	Skip to Q6
5	How many dosages of the vaccine have you been	1	1	
	administered? (SA)	2	2	Skip to Q7
		Non-availability of vaccine	1	
		Non-availability of vaccination slot	2	
	What is/are the reason(s) for not taking the COVID-19 Vaccine shot yet?	Cannot travel to the vaccination centre	3	
		Vaccine does more harm (side- effects)	4	
6		There is no such thing called Corona	5	
	(Multi Code)	Not eligible for vaccination yet	6	
		No one has helped you to get the vaccine	7	
		Scared to go to the vaccination centre	8	
		Other Reasons (please mention)	9	
7	Have you ensured that the elderly in the household have got vaccinated? (SA)	Yes	1	
		No	2	
8	Have you been infected by Covid-19 in past one year? (SA)	Yes	1	
		No	2	
		Maybe, never got tested	3	

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	2.1	Yes	1	
	Did anyone in your house	No	2	
9	got infected by the virus? (SA)	****		
	(3A)	Maybe, did not get tested	3	
		Helping them understand the need of social distancing to keep them safe  Explain them the advantages of wearing	1	
		a mask while interacting with people.	2	
	From the following, what all steps has been taken to	Ensuring complete sanitization of all the things including groceries, medicines, daily essentials etc. coming from outside	3	
10	-	Ensuring better hygiene practices among family members like taking bath after coming back home from outside, changing clothes etc.	4	
		Avoid ordering of junk/outside food and encouraging healthy eating habits	5	
		Encouraging everyone including elders to make video calls to their friends/cousins instead of meeting them in person	6	
	C1' 2 C	DNCFOLIENCES OF LOCKDOWN 9 CODON	A V / I D L I C	
	Section 3: Co	ONSEQUENCES OF LOCKDOWN & CORONA	AVIKUS	
Q. No.	Question 3: Co	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
Q. No.			Option	Skip/Instructions
			Option	Skip/Instructions
<b>Q. No.</b>	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
	Question  Are you an earning member	Response Yes	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
1	Question  Are you an earning member of your household? (SA)  Has your salary been	Response Yes	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
	Question  Are you an earning member of your household? (SA)	Yes No	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
1	Are you an earning member of your household? (SA)  Has your salary been decreased during this time?	Yes No Yes	Option Code 1 2	Skip/Instructions
2	Are you an earning member of your household? (SA)  Has your salary been decreased during this time?	Yes No Yes	Option Code 1 2	Skip/Instructions
1	Are you an earning member of your household? (SA)  Has your salary been decreased during this time? (SA)	Yes No Yes No	Option Code  1 2 1 2	Skip/Instructions
2	Question  Are you an earning member of your household? (SA)  Has your salary been decreased during this time? (SA)  Did you lose your job	Yes No Yes No Yes Yes	Option Code  1 2 1 2	Skip/Instructions
2	Question  Are you an earning member of your household? (SA)  Has your salary been decreased during this time? (SA)  Did you lose your job during pandemic? (SA)  Are you facing any difficulty in managing expenses of your	Yes No Yes No Yes Yes	Option Code  1 2 1 2	Skip/Instructions
2	Are you an earning member of your household? (SA)  Has your salary been decreased during this time? (SA)  Did you lose your job during pandemic? (SA)  Are you facing any difficulty	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No	Option Code  1 2 1 2 1 2	Skip/Instructions

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	Section 6	4: WORK FROM HOME/STUDY FROM HO	OME	
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
		Studying	1	Skip to next section
		Working	2	Skip to next section
1	What are you currently	Working or studying from home	3	
1	doing? (SA)	Doing nothing	4	Skip to next section
		Lost the job	5	Skip to next section
		Others (please specify)	98	Skip to next section
	Do you feel that working/studying from	Yes	1	
2	home causes inconvenience to the elderly people at home? (SA)	No	2	Skip to next section
		Space in the home is less	1	
	What do you think causes	Home too crowded	2	
	inconvenience to the	Too much noise	3	
3	elderly people at home	Unable to work in peace	4	
	because of you working/studying from	There is no individual space / sense of freedom	5	
	home? (MA)	Lacks the required infrastructure & technology	6	
	Section 5: MO	BILITY, SOCIAL INCLUSION AND DIGITAL	LITERACY	
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
	Are you facing difficulty in accessing essential goods	Yes	1	
1	and services during the pandemic? (SA)	No	2	
2	Do you currently have access to the internet	Yes	1	
_	from your home (broadband/data on	No	2	

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	I		1	
	mobile)? (SA)			
3	If the elderly has a smartphone, have you taken the effort to explain	Yes	1	
3	basic features of a	No	2	
	smartphone to elderly people at home? (SA)	I don't know how to operate a smart phone	3	
	Sect	ion 6: RESTORING CARE (PRE COVID-19)		
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
	When pandemic subsides, do you feel that elderly	Yes	1	
1	would become more	No	2	
	dependent on the family members? (SA)	Don't know/ Can't say	3	
		Section 7: CHALLENGES		
	<del>,</del>	Section 7. CHALLINGLS		
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
Q. No.	Question		-	Skip/Instructions
	Is it difficult for you to give your full attention or dedicate time to elderly		-	Skip/Instructions
<b>Q. No.</b>	Is it difficult for you to give your full attention or	Response	Code	Skip/Instructions
	Is it difficult for you to give your full attention or dedicate time to elderly members of your family during the COVID-19	Yes	Code 1	Skip/Instructions
	Is it difficult for you to give your full attention or dedicate time to elderly members of your family during the COVID-19	Yes	Code 1	Skip/Instructions
	Is it difficult for you to give your full attention or dedicate time to elderly members of your family during the COVID-19 Pandemic? (SA)	Yes  No  While taking care of their special	Code  1 2	Skip/Instructions
1	Is it difficult for you to give your full attention or dedicate time to elderly members of your family during the COVID-19 Pandemic? (SA)  What are the different challenges faced by you	Yes  No  While taking care of their special food requirements  Administering their medicines on	1 2 1	Skip/Instructions
	Is it difficult for you to give your full attention or dedicate time to elderly members of your family during the COVID-19 Pandemic? (SA)  What are the different challenges faced by you while caregiving of the	Yes  No  While taking care of their special food requirements  Administering their medicines on time	1 2 1 2	Skip/Instructions
1	Is it difficult for you to give your full attention or dedicate time to elderly members of your family during the COVID-19 Pandemic? (SA)  What are the different challenges faced by you	Yes  No  While taking care of their special food requirements  Administering their medicines on time  Budgeting for their expenses  Handling their mood swings  Irregularity of regular medical check-	1 2 1 2 3	Skip/Instructions
1	Is it difficult for you to give your full attention or dedicate time to elderly members of your family during the COVID-19 Pandemic? (SA)  What are the different challenges faced by you while caregiving of the elderly during the	Yes  No  While taking care of their special food requirements  Administering their medicines on time  Budgeting for their expenses  Handling their mood swings  Irregularity of regular medical checkups	1 2 1 2 3 4	Skip/Instructions
1	Is it difficult for you to give your full attention or dedicate time to elderly members of your family during the COVID-19 Pandemic? (SA)  What are the different challenges faced by you while caregiving of the elderly during the	Yes  No  While taking care of their special food requirements  Administering their medicines on time  Budgeting for their expenses  Handling their mood swings  Irregularity of regular medical check-	1 2 1 2 3 4 5	Skip/Instructions

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	What would be the different challenges faced by you while caregiving of	While taking care of their special food requirements	1	
3	the elderly after the pandemic ends? (Multi	Administering their medicines on time	2	
3	code)	Budgeting for their expenses	3	
		Handling their mood swings	4	
		Handling their anxiety issues	5	
		Others (please specify)	98	
		Behavior of family members	1	
	What according to you are	Need for more attention	2	
	What according to you are the challenges faced by	Financial insecurity	3	
4	the elderly in your house from other family	Day to day conflicts affecting their mental wellness	4	
	members during the pandemic? (Multi code)	Inability of the family members on understanding the needs/emotions of the elderly	5	
		Others (please specify)	98	
	Thank You for y	our valuable time. Please Take Care and	Stay Safe.	

## **Survey Tool - Formal Setting Elderly**

		Screener Questions		
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
		Delhi	1	
	Name of the City (SA)	Mumbai	2	
		Kolkata	3	
1		Chennai	4	
		Hyderabad	5	
		Bangalore	6	
		None of the above	7	Terminate the interview
		<18 years	1	Terminate the Interview
		18-29 years	2	
	Age of the Respondent (SA)	30-39 years	3	
2		40-49 years	4	
2		50-59 years	5	
		60-69 years	6	
		70-79 years	7	
		80-90 years	8	
	Gender of the Respondent	Male	1	
3	(SA)	Female	2	
4	What is the absolute age of the respondent?	years		
	1		1	
5	Type of Respondent (SA)	Elderly	1	
	. , , ,	Care Giver	2	
		Office Administrator		
	Designation of the	(primary contact for		
6	respondent in Old Age	the survey)	1	
	Home	Attendants/Caregivers (primary respondent)	2	

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		Head of the Institution/Superintend		
		ent	3	
		Cook	4	
		Cleaner	5	
		Other (specify)	98	
7	Name of the Old Age Home			
8	Address of the Old Age			
0	home			
9	Contact Number of Old Age			Start with Care Giver Module
,	Home			Start with care giver Module

	٠
INFORMED CONSENT (COMMON FOR BOTH MODULES)	
Interviewer to read:	
Hello, my name is, I am from the IPSOS Research Pvt. Ltd. We are conducting a	
study for HELP AGE INDIA on ELDERLY CARE CHALLENGES DURING THE PANDEMIC. By speaking with	
you today, we are hoping to learn more about the topic just mentioned. I want to emphasize that the	
information provided by you would be kept completely confidential and will only be used for	
programme purpose. The interview would take about 20 minutes. We are interested in your views, so	
please feel comfortable to say what you honestly feel like. Finally, I'd like to remind you that I am just an interviewer and not an expert on anything we discuss today, rather your views and opinions are	
most important to us.	
Participation in this survey is voluntary and you may withdraw your participation any time. However,	
we hope that you will take part since your participation is important. During the interview process if	
you are not able to understand any question please feel free to ask me to repeat.	
For quality control purposes on the survey, this interview would be recorded. This will be done	
automatically by the device. We appreciate your consent in advance.	
Do you agree? Yes/No	
Interviewer instruction:	
Code Ves unless the respondent says No.	

Do you have any questions now? If YES, Interviewer should respond to the queries.

	Formal Setting (Elderly Module)				
	S	ection 1: Living Conditions		<del>,</del>	
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions	
	Do you have friends at the	Yes	1		
1	center, where you are staying? (SA)	No	2		
	From how long you have been	Years	1		
2	staying at this center?	Months	2		
		Yes, happy and comfortable	1		
3	Are you comfortable and happy	Yes, happy but not comfortable	2		
3	at the centre? (SA)	Yes, comfortable but not happy	3		
		No	4		
4	During the COVID-19 pandemic, did you face any difficulties at	Yes	1		
	the centre? (SA)	No	2		
		Joint ache and pains	1		
		Hypertension	2		
		Heart problem	3		
		Diabetes	4		
	Do you have any chronic	Respiratory issues	5		
5	disease? (MA)	Gastro-intestinal	6		
	, ,	Mental issues (like depression)	7		
		Skin disease	8		
		No chronic conditions	9		
		Others (Please mention)	98		
		Difficulty in walking	1		
	Do you food any backbillians	Poor eyesight	2		
6	Do you face any health issues that pose a challenge to take care of yourself? (MA)	Problem in remembering and lack of concentration	3		
	Sale of yourself. (why	Difficulty in hearing	4		

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_		1		
		ADL	5	
		IADL	6	
		Difficulty in communication	7	
		Difficulty in taking care of self	8	
		(general weakness/disease		
		related issue)		
		No problem	9	
		Others (Please mention)	98	
		Yes	1	
		No	2	
	Do you have access to regular	Don't need medication/medical	3	
7	medical care/medication at the	care		
	centre?(SA)	Use Traditional medications	4	
		Home based treatment	5	
	Whether you faced any difficulty	Yes	1	
	in accessing medical			
8	care/medication as a result of	No	2	
	the COVID-19 situation in the	Don't Need	3	
	country? (SA)	medication/medical care		
	/ - (- /			
	Section 2:	COVID-19 Infection and Awarenes	SS	
0.	T	T	T .	Skip/Instructions
Q. No.	Section 2:	COVID-19 Infection and Awarenes Response	Option	Skip/Instructions
Q. No.	T	T	T .	Skip/Instructions
No.	Question	T	Option	Skip/Instructions
_	Question  Have you been infected with	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
No.	Question  Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year?	<b>Response</b> Yes	Option Code	
No.	Question  Have you been infected with	Yes No	Option Code	Skip to Q3
No.	Question  Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year?	<b>Response</b> Yes	Option Code	
No.	Question  Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)	Yes  No Don't know/can't say	Option Code	Skip to Q3
No.	Question  Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)  On a scale of 1-5, 1 being the	Yes No	Option Code	Skip to Q3
1	Question  Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)  On a scale of 1-5, 1 being the lowest and 5 being the highest,	Response  Yes  No  Don't know/can't say  1 2	Option Code  1  2  3  1  2	Skip to Q3
No.	Question  Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)  On a scale of 1-5, 1 being the lowest and 5 being the highest, how would you rate the care	Response  Yes  No Don't know/can't say  1 2 3	Option Code	Skip to Q3
1	Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)  On a scale of 1-5, 1 being the lowest and 5 being the highest, how would you rate the care and treatment you received	Response  Yes  No  Don't know/can't say  1 2 3 4	1 2 3 1 2 3 4	Skip to Q3
1	Question  Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)  On a scale of 1-5, 1 being the lowest and 5 being the highest, how would you rate the care	Response  Yes  No Don't know/can't say  1 2 3	Option Code	Skip to Q3
1	Question  Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)  On a scale of 1-5, 1 being the lowest and 5 being the highest, how would you rate the care and treatment you received when you were infected? (SA)	Yes  No Don't know/can't say  1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 5	Skip to Q3
1	Question  Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)  On a scale of 1-5, 1 being the lowest and 5 being the highest, how would you rate the care and treatment you received when you were infected? (SA)  Are you aware of the COVID-19	Response  Yes  No  Don't know/can't say  1 2 3 4	1 2 3 1 2 3 4	Skip to Q3
1	Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)  On a scale of 1-5, 1 being the lowest and 5 being the highest, how would you rate the care and treatment you received when you were infected? (SA)  Are you aware of the COVID-19 appropriate behaviour to be	Yes  No Don't know/can't say  1 2 3 4 5  Yes	1 2 3 4 5 1	Skip to Q3 Skip to Q3
1 2	Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)  On a scale of 1-5, 1 being the lowest and 5 being the highest, how would you rate the care and treatment you received when you were infected? (SA)  Are you aware of the COVID-19 appropriate behaviour to be followed to avoid getting	Yes  No Don't know/can't say  1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 5	Skip to Q3
1 2	Have you been infected with COVID-19 in the past one year? (SA)  On a scale of 1-5, 1 being the lowest and 5 being the highest, how would you rate the care and treatment you received when you were infected? (SA)  Are you aware of the COVID-19 appropriate behaviour to be	Yes  No Don't know/can't say  1 2 3 4 5  Yes	1 2 3 4 5 1	Skip to Q3 Skip to Q3

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	T	,		<del>,</del>
		Maintaining Physical Distancing (6ft or 2 meters)	1	
		Wearing a Mask when indoors with other members	2	
		Wearing a mask when going outdoors	3	
		Washing Hands with soap (20 seconds)	4	
	Mention any 3 measures that	Sanitising your hand with Alcohol based hand rub	5	
	Mention any 3 measures that you follow to avoid getting coronavirus? (Multi Code)	Sneezing into a tissue or elbow	6	
4		Avoid touching face/eyes/nose	7	
		Disinfect all outside items that come in to the old age home	8	
		Avoid Travelling (unless very necessary)	9	
		I don't do anything	10	
5	Are you aware of any of the vaccines developed to stop the	Yes	1	
	spread of COVID-19 infection? (SA)	No	2	skip to next section
	Do you think vaccination is really	Yes	1	
6	important for you? (SA)	No	2	
	, , ,	Don't know/can't say	3	
		I will be completely immune to Covid19	1	
7	What do you think are the benefits of taking the	The severity of the disease will be lessened	2	
	vaccination? (MA)	I will not transmit to others	3	
		I don't see any benefits	4	
		Other (Please specify)	98	
8	Have you been administered a dosage of COVID-19 vaccine?	Yes	1	
	(SA)	No	2	Skip to Q10
	Are you planning on your	Yes	1	
9	second dose? (SA)	No	2	
			<u>-</u>	
<u> </u>				1

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		Non-availability of vaccine	1	
		Non-availability of vaccination slot	2	
		Cannot travel to the	3	
		vaccination centre Vaccine does more harm (side- effects)	4	
	What is/are the reason(s) for	There is no such thing called	5	
10	not taking the COVID-19 vaccine shot yet? (Multi Code)	No one has helped you to get the vaccine	6	
		Scared to go to the vaccination centre	7	
		Other Reasons (please mention)	8	
	Section 3: COVID-19	Pandemic, Lockdown and its Cor	nsequence	es
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
_	Are you worried of being	Yes	1	
1	infected with Coronavirus? (SA)	No	2	skip to next section
		No such thing as coronavirus	3	skip to next section
		Isolation and Quarantine	1	
		Hospitalisation	2	
		Abandonment by caretakers/family members	3	
	What according to you is	Non-availability of adequate hospital beds	4	
2	worrisome about being infected	Non-availability of Oxygen	5	
	with Coronavirus?(MA)	No one to take care of me	6	
	, ,		1	1
		People wearing the PPE kits	7	
		People wearing the PPE kits  Nothing is worrisome	7 8	

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	Section 4:	Mental Well Being and Elder Abus	se	
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
		I find myself waiting for people to call (audio/video) and talk, more than before	1	
		Some days I spend most of the time resting	2	
		I want someone to just be with me.	3	
	I am going to read out some statements, please indicate the	The days seem to last too long	4	
	response that best describes your	I feel less motivated to do things	5	
1	feelings since the pandemic started. There are no right or	I still feel anxious and worried about the COVID-19 situation	6	
	wrong answers here. (Read out) (Multi code)	I am worried about getting infected with covid-19	7	
		I am worried about my family members & loved ones getting infected with covid-19	8	
		I have problem in sleeping (insomnia)	9	
		Any other (please specify)	98	
		Disrespect	1	
		Beating/ Slapping/Pushing	2	
		Verbally Abusing	3	
	What according to you amounts	Economic Exploitation	4	
2	to Elder Abuse? (MA) MULITPLE RESPONSE. Probe for more	Unwelcome or forcible Sexual Contact	5	
		Neglect	6	
		Don't Know	7	
		Others (Specify)	98	
	Do you think Elder Abuse in any	Yes	1	
3	form is prevalent in your society or around you? (SA)	No	2	Skip to Q13
4	What kind of elder abuse you have	Disrespect	1	
4	seen in your experience at old age home?	Beating/ Slapping/Pushing	2	

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	(Multiple choice)	Verbally Abusing	3	
		Economic Exploitation	4	
		Unwelcome or forcible Sexual	5	
		Contact		
		Neglect	6	
		Don't Know	7	
		Others (Specify)	98	
5	Have you ever been a victim of Elder Abuse? (SA)	Yes	1	
		No	2	Skip to Q11
6	Who were/are the abuser(s)?	Children	1	
Ü	(Multi code)	Ciliaren	_	
		Relatives	2	
		Friends	3	
		Peon	4	
		Caretakers	5	
		Old age home manager/owner	6	
		Doctors/Nurse	7	
		Visitors	8	
		Receptionist	9	
		Cleaners/Maintenance staff	10	
		Other old age home members	11	
		Don't want to disclose	12	
		Others (specify)	98	
7	What abuses did you	Disrosport	1	
,	What abuses did you face? (Multiple choice)	Disrespect	1	
		Beating/ Slapping/Pushing	2	
		Verbally Abusing	3	
		Economic Exploitation	4	
		Unwelcome or forcible Sexual Contact	5	
		Neglect	6	
		Others (Specify)	98	
		others (specify)	30	
8	From how long have you been facing elder abuse? Please mention the number of years/months?	Years		
		Months		
		<u> </u>	·	1

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		T		
9		Disrespect	1	
		Beating/ Slapping	2	
	In the last one year during the	Verbally Abusing	3	
		Economic Exploitation	4	
	Covid-19 pandemic, what type	Unwelcome or forcible Sexual	5	
	of abuses have you faced ? (MA)	Contact		
		Neglect	6	
		Not faced any abuse in the last	7	
		one year		
		Others (Specify)	98	
		Old Age Homes Care Takers	1	
		_		
		Family Members	2	
	Can you tell who/who all abused	Residents	3	
10	you in the last one year? (MA)	Others (Please specify)	98	
	, , , ,	Don't want to disclose the	4	
		name		
		No response	5	
		Yes	1	
	Do you feel that the COVID-19	1.00	_	
11	pandemic has increased the risk	No	2	
	of elderly abuse? (SA)	Don't know/can't say	3	
		Don't know/can't say	3	
		Emotional Abuse	1	
		Elliotional Abuse		
		Financial Abusa	2	
	Which of the following do you	Financial Abuse	2	
	feel are the types of abuses that	Physical Abuse	3	
12	older people like you today are	Psychological Abuse	4	
	facing during the pandemic?	Sexual Abuse/violence	5	
	(MULTIPLE CHOICE) (Read Out)	Verbal Abuse	6	
		I don't think older people face	7	
		any such abuses		
		Any Others (please specify)	98	
13	Do you feel depressed thinking	A little	1	
13	and looking at the situation of	Sometimes	2	
·		1	ıI	

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	COVID-19 in the country? (SA)	Most of the times	3	
	,	All the time	4	
		None at all	5	
14	Did you see/feel a change in the behaviour of your care takers/family members during	Yes	1	
	the COVID-19 pandemic? (SA)	No	2	
		No	3	
		cant say	3	
15	Do you feel the COVID-19 pandemic has affected your communication with your friends, families, neighbours and loved ones? (SA)	Yes	1	
		No	2	
	Whether you have attended any counselling sessions organised	Yes, often	1	
16	by the old age home for the	Yes, but Rarely	2	
	elderly?	No such sessions are held here	3	
	(SA)	Don't know	4	
	Section 5: R	ecreation and Positive Environme	ent	
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
	What future do you see for	Future seems to be bright	1	
1	yourself given the pandemic	Future seems to be bleak	2	
	situation? (SA)	No change	3	
		Others (please specify)	98	
2	Are you looking forward to a hopeful life and living? (SA)	Yes	1	
		No	2	
	A settle see a see a see	Yes, Every day	1	
2	Are there any sessions for	Yes, Every day Yes, Alternative day	2	
3	Are there any sessions for yoga/meditation conducted by caregivers/yoga guru? (SA)			

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		No, such sessions are conducted	5
	When pandemic will end, do you	Yes	1
4	think you would be able to get back	No	2
4	to your normal lifestyle as it was	Maybe	3
	before? (SA)	Cant say	4
		Going out for a walk	1
	What are the things that you	Meeting the friends and family	2
5	miss doing/experiencing compared to the time before Covid-19 pandemic? (MA)	without any protocols in place	
		Not having to wear a Mask	3
		Visiting religious places	4
		Others (please specify)	98
		No visitors are allowed	1
		Not allowed to go out of the	2
	What are the various restrictions	OAH	2
6	imposed / protocol instituted by your Old Age Home (OAH) to	Mandatory wearing of Mask	3
	protect you? (Multiple Choice)	Change in Diet/food menu  Not allowed to	5
	protect you: (wattiple choice)	Congregate/gather in the home	5
		for recreational activities	
		Any others (Please specify)	98
	Thank You for your v	aluable time. Please Take Care and	d Stay Safe.

## **Survey Tool- Formal Setting Caregivers**

	Forn	nal Setting (Care Giver Module)		
	Section 1: Disruption of s	ervices to old age home during COVI	D-19 Pandeı	mic
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/ Instructions
1	Was/Is access to goods / services / benefits difficult during the COVID-19 pandemic? (SA)	Yes	1	
		No	2	Skip to Q5
		Food / groceries	1	
		Medicines	2	
		Availability of Caregivers	3	
		Physiotherapy services	4	
	NA/lest and the second of a mineral beautiful	Pension	5	
2	What are the goods / services / benefits where center face difficulty in access?	Access to ATM / banking services	6	Skip/ Instructions
۷	(MA)	Online banking	7	
	(IMA)	Health services / doctor's consultation	8	
		Market	9	
		Savings & credits	10	
		Other specify ()	98	
3	Did the center get any help towards accessing the above goods / services /	Yes	1	
	benefits? (SA)	No	2	skip to Q5
		Police	1	
		Neighbors	2	
		Family members	3	
		SCA	4	
		HelpAge India Helpline	5	
4	Can you tell us who helped the center in	e-SHG	6	
4	availing the above goods / services /	Panchayat	7	
	benefits? (MA)	Federation	8	
		Volunteers	9	
		NGO/Voluntary organizations- outreach program	10	
		Others (please specify)	98	
5	Has your old age home ever faced shortage of funds/resources to meet the needs of the residents during the	Yes	1	
	pandemic? (SA)	No	2	Skip to next section

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		To 11.		61::
		Don't know/can't say	3	Skip to next section
		Death ad a state familia as and a set		
		Reached out to family members of	1	
		the elderly for support		
	NAVIGATE OF A STATE OF	Reached out to Help Age for support Contacted local NGO's for funds	2	
6	What measures did Old Age home take to meet the needs of funds scarcity? (MA)		3	
	meet the needs of funds scarcity? (MA)	Contacted local leaders for funds	3	
		Reached out to local Philanthrophy/ CSR/ Corporates for support	4	
		Other specify ()	98	
		Other speerly (	30	
	Section 2: CO	 OVID preventive behaviours & Practices		
Q.	Question	Response	Option	Skip/Instructions
No.	Question	Response	Code	Skip/ instructions
			-	
		Encouraging elderly to make video		
		calls to their family members		
		instead of meeting them physically.	1	
		(not allowing visitors)		
		Conducting Counselling for the		
		elderly to make them understand	2	
		about social distancing and wearing	2	
		mask etc.		
		Sanitization of groceries, medicines,	2	
	What are the measures that are taken by	daily essentials etc. which are being	3	
1	Old Age home to ensure social distancing guidelines and covid-19 appropriate	procured from outside the Old Age Home.		
	behaviors among elderlies? (MA)	Ensuring that the members are		
	senaviors among elacines. (www.	wearing masks while interacting	4	
		with each other	,	
		Ensuring that the common areas in		
		the old age home are redesigned		
		(moving furniture etc.) to keep	5	
		6ft/2mtrs distance maintained at all		
		times		
		Don't know/ no idea	6	
		Other specify ()	98	
	la Albana a manufar a satisfacti (f	Yes	1	
2	Is there a regular sanitization/fumigation process in place to protect the elderly	No	2	Skip to Q3
۷	from Covid-19? (SA)	Don't know/no idea	3	Skih to do
		Don't know/no luca	J	
		Every day	1	
		2.0.7 447	_	
		Alternative days	2	
3	How often does sanitization/fumigation	Once a week	3	
•	process takes place? (SA)	Fortnightly	4	
		Monthly	5	
		Don't know/ no idea	6	
		= 5 5 5, 110 laca		1

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		<u></u>		
		Others (Please specify)	98	
	Are elderly people in your Old age home	Yes, all of them	1	
	wash/sanitize their hands more regularly	Yes, most of them	2	
4	now than prior to Covid 19 pandemic?	Some of them only	3	
	(SA)	Not at all	4	
	How many isolations or quarantine rooms	No. of rooms		
5	do you have in case any elderly is infected?	No, isolation or quarantine rooms created in the center	2	
		created in the tenter		
	T	Τ.,	Т.	1
	Are visitors allowed to meet their	Yes, always	1	
6	parents/grandparents during the	Yes, sometimes on special request	2	
	pandemic? (SA)	No	3	Skip to next section
7	Are there any operational guidelines in place for the visitors to ensure safety of	Yes		
	the elderly people? (SA)	No		
	/ 1   / /	110		
	Section	3: Information and communication		
Q.	Question		Option	Skin/Instructions
Q. No.	Question	Response	Code	Skip/Instructions
110.			Couc	
		TV	1	
		Radio	2	
		Word of mouth	3	
		Poster	4	
	land to the state of the state	Phone call	5	
	What are the sources of information for	Community meeting	6	
1	Elderly at the Old Age home to get information about the COVID-19 situation	SMS	7	
	in the country? (Multiple choice) (MA)	Don't keep a track of it.	8	
	in the country: (ividitiple choice) (iviA)	Family members	9	
		Old Age staff provides information when someone asks about it	10	
		Regular sessions conducted by Old age staff to inform the elderlies	11	
		Any others (Please specify)	98	
		Section 4: C-Vaccine		
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
1	Have you been administered a dosage of COVID-19 vaccine? (SA)	Yes	1	
	` '	No	2	skip to Q3
2	How many dosage of the vaccine have you been administered? (SA)	1		
2	How many dosage of the vaccine have you been administered? (SA)	1 2		Skip to next section

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		Non-availability of vaccine	1	
		Non-availability of vaccination slot	2	
		Cannot travel to the vaccination	3	
		center		
		Vaccine does more harm (side-	4	
_	What are the reason(s) for not taking the	effects)		
3	COVID-19 Vaccine shot yet? (Multi Code)	There is no such thing called Corona	5	
	, ,	No one has helped you to get the	6	
		vaccine		
		Scared to go to the vaccination	7	
		centre		
		Other Reasons (please mention)	8	
	Section	15: Well-being of elderly and staff	l	
Q.	Question	Response	Option	Skip/Instructions
No.	Question	Response	Code	Skip, moti detions
			-	
1	Does your old age home has a facility of	Yes	1	
1	resident doctors in case of medical	res	1	
	emergency? (SA)	No	2	
		No	3	
		Don't know/can't say		
		No Response	4	
2	Whether the old age home residents are	Yes	1	
	covered under any health insurance? (SA)			
		No	2	
		Don't know/can't say	3	
		No Response	4	
3	Is there any tie up between your old age	Yes	1	
	home and some nearby hospital to cater			
	the emergency medical needs during the			
	pandemic? (SA)			
		No	2	
4	Does old age home conduct regular	Always	1	
	health check-ups for elderly by a			
	doctor/nurse? (SA)			
		Most of the time	2	
		Sometimes	3	
		Not happening now due to COVID	4	
6	Does your old age home staff is covered	Yes	1	
	under any health insurance? (SA)			
		No	2	
		Don't know/can't say	3	
		No Response	4	
7	Does old age home has any provision of	Yes	1	
	leaves for its staff? (SA)			
	` '	I	1	ı

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	No	2		
		Don't know/can't say	3	
		No Response	4	
		r	<del>-</del>	
	Section 6	i : Mental Health of elderly and staff		<u> </u>
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
1	Did you face shortage of staff members during the COVID-19 Pandemic? (SA)	Yes, always	1	
		Yes, most of the times	2	
		Yes, sometimes	3	
		No	4	Skip to Q 3
2	Does staff at old age home feel stressed due to shortage of caregivers/attendants during pandemic? (SA)	Yes	1	
		No	2	
		Not Sure/Can't say	3	
3	Are you worried about being infected with COVID while taking care of the elderly? (SA)	Yes, all the time	1	
		No	2	
		No, we follow all the COVID guidelines.	3	
		Other (Specify)	98	
4	Are PPE kits available for staff of the old age home to take care of the elderly? (SA)	Yes	1	
		No	2	Skip to Q 7
		No response	3	Skip to Q 7
5	Are PPE kits available sufficient to take	Yes, always	1	
	care of the elderly? (SA)			
		Yes, most of the times	2	
		Yes, sometimes	3	
		No	4	
6	Have you ever faced shortage of personal protective equipment (PPE) at the center? (SA)	Yes, always	1	
		Yes, most of the times	2	
		Yes, sometimes	3	
		No	4	
7	In your opinion, are staff members/caregivers of the old age home worried about elderly being infected with Corona virus? (SA)	Yes	1	

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		I NI-	_	Chin to O O
		No	2	Skip to Q 9
		No such thing as coronavirus	3	Skip to Q 9
		Isolation and Quarantine	1	
		Hospitalisation	2	
		Abandonment by caretakers	3	
		Abandonment by family members	4	
		Non-availability of adequate hospital	5	
	What are their worries, if some elderly	beds New year its hillion of Owners		
8	member gets infected with Coronavirus?	Non-availability of Oxygen	6	
	(MA)	No one to take care of me	7	
		People wearing the PPE kits	8	
		Nothing is worrisome	9	
		There is no such thing as Coronavirus	10	
		Others (please specify)	98	
		Others (piease specify)	70	
9	Does your old age home has any patients of who needs extra care to do their day to day activities (like Dementia, Alzheimer,	Yes	1	
	bed ridden patients)? (SA)	No	2	
	Do you think, these elderly with specials	Yes, always	1	
10	needs get adequate care during the	Yes, most of the times	2	
	pandemic? (SA)	Yes, sometimes	3	
		No	4	
	Are staff members/caregivers getting	Yes, on time	1	
11	regular salary during COVID-19	Yes, but delayed	2	
11	pandemic? (SA)	No	3	
	F	Other (specify)	98	
_	Section 7:	Recreation and Positive Environment		T
Q. No.	Question	Response	Option Code	Skip/Instructions
		Brisk Walking	1	
	NAME at bind of a stickle 1 of 1 of 1 of 1	Exercising (yoga/pranayama etc.)	2	
	What kind of activities do the elderly at	Playing games	3	
1	the Old Age Home do to keep themselves engaged during the pandemic?	Watching Movies/videos	4	
	(MA)	Cooking	5	
	(14" ·/	Praying	6	
		Reading books/Newspapers	7	
		Talking/Interacting with	8	
		Friends/Family		

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		Nothing unusual	9
		Listening to songs	10
		Others (specify)	98
		Yes, Every day	1
	Are there any sessions for	Yes, Alternative day	2
2	yoga/meditation conducted by caregivers/yoga guru? (SA)	Yes, Once in a week	3
		Yes, Once in a month	4
		No, such sessions are conducted	5
	Does your old age home conduct	Yes, often	1
3	counselling sessions for elderly people to keep them motivated and their mind-set	Yes, sometimes	2
3		Yes, but rarely	3
	positive at such times? (SA)	No	4
	Thank You fo	or your time. Stay Safe and Take Car	e

